

# Greater Hume Shire Community Portrait 2011

This Portrait uses data from the 2011 Census to examine the social and economic characteristics of the residents of Greater Hume Shire, looking at how this community differs from Eastern Riverina, and how it has changed since 2006.

#### **Contents**

		Indicators		2
Population	Population & growth Life stages	Some averages Generations	Age structure Children borne	3
Households	Types of households  Marriage, family blending	Living arrangements Child caring	Families Housework	8
Housing	Types of dwelling Weekly rents	Dwelling tenures Internet connection	Mortgage payments Vehicles	14
Community capital	Stability Voluntary work	Net migration Need for assistance	New arrivals and visiton Disability care given	19
Education	School attendance Level of education attained	Tertiary studies	Years of schooling	25
Local economy	Individual incomes Employment by age Travel to work	Family incomes Industries of employment	Labour force Occupations	29
Community cultures	Ancestry Languages	Indigenous residents Beliefs	Birthplaces	36

In this Portrait, Greater Hume Shire is the Greater Hume Shire Local Government Area. Eastern Riverina is Bland + Coolamon + Cootamundra + Corowa Shire + Greater Hume Shire + Gundagai + Junee + Lockhart + Temora + Tumut Shire + Tumbarumba + Urana + Wagga

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prepared for Riverina Regional Organisation of Councils (REROC)

# **Some Greater Hume Shire Indicators**

		difference	
Indicators	Rate in 2011	difference from REROC	change 2006-11
Median age	43 yrs	39 yrs	+ 4 yrs
% children under 10 years	14%	0% less	same
% young adults 15-24 years	13%	2% less	same
% aged 70+ years	11%	1% less	up 1%
Average family size	2.9	2% more	same
% families with couple, no children	43%	same	dn 4%
% families with couple + children	44%	3% more	up 1%
% families with one-parent	13%	2% less	dn 2%
Housing: % rental houses	18%	8% less	same
Public housing: % of occupied dwellings	0%	4% more	same
Average dwelling occupancy	2.5	4% more	same
Stability: % in same home, 5+ years	61%	6% more	up 2%
New residents: % in locality <1 year	6%	3% less	dn 2%
Education: % adults in tertiary education	6%	2% less	up 11%
Education: % adults with post-school qualific'n	51%	1% more	up 4%
Education: % of 20-24 year olds finished Year 12	49%	9% less	dn 3%
Income: median weekly individual	\$479	7% less	up 1%
Income: average weekly individual	\$645	6% less	up 23%
Unemployment: % of workforce	4%	1% less	same
Unemployment: % of 15–19 workforce	10%	4% less	same
Unemployment: % of 20–24 workforce	8%	same	same
Workforce: % of adults 15+ in workforce	61%	4% less	dn 1%
Workforce: % of 15–19 year-olds in workforce	42%	15% less	dn 2%
Workforce: % of 20-24 year-olds in workforce	77%	2% more	dn 3%
Occupation: % workers who are professionals	12%	7% less	up 2%
Occupation: % workers who are labourers	12%	1% more	dn 1%
Speak non-English language at home	2%	1% less	up 1%
Born overseas: % of residents	6%	1% less	up 1%
Indigenous: % of residents	2.1%	2% less	up 26%

# **Demography**

#### Population and growth

In the August 2011 Census, 9,815 residents were counted in Greater Hume Shire – 4,856 females and 4,959 males. The counted population had increased by 84 or 0.9% since the 2006 Census.

95% were at home for Census

Of the residents, 9,303 (94.8%) were at home on Census night, while 35 were staying elsewhere within the same locality and 477 were staying somewhere else in Australia.

There were 339 visitors

There were 339 visitors from elsewhere in Australia staying in Greater Hume Shire on Census night; these people are not included in this profile.

Overall, there were 1.02 males per female

Of the residents away from the local area on Census night, there were 1.16 males per female. This is consistent with the general pattern that more men are away from home than women, usually due to more work trips.

93% were Australian citizens

Around 93% of Greater Hume Shire residents were Australian citizens, similar to Eastern Riverina.

	residents of Greater Hume Shire				Greater Hume Shire 201			
Population			change 2006			Gr Hume's		
	2011	2006	2011	%, 2011	% in REROC	difference	males	females gender ratio
at home on Census Night	9,303	9,200	up 103	94.8%	94.1%	0.6% more	4,684	4,619 1.01 M:F
away from locality at Census	477	457	up 20	4.9%	5.6%	0.8% less	256	221 1.16 M:F
away from home (but local)	35	73	dn 38	0.4%	0.2%	0.1% more	19	16 1.15 M:F
counted residents	9,815	9,731	up 84	100.0%	100.0%	up 0.9%	4,959	<b>4,856</b> 1.02 M:F
Australian citizens	9,103	9,144	dn 41	92.7%	91.9%	0.9% more	4,586	4,517 1.02 M:F

In all tables, negative numbers are in red, and where appropriate, extreme results (highs and lows) are bold. The gender ratio is blue if males dominate (eg 2.12 M:F), or red if females do (eg 1.30 F:M). Very small differences may show as, say '0.0% more' or '0% higher'; this means they are virtually zero, but slightly positive or negative.

The median age was 43 years

The median age is the age where half are younger and half older. It was 4 years older than in Eastern Riverina and 2 years older than found here in 2006.

Dwellings averaged 2.5 residents

Greater Hume Shire had an average of 2.5 residents per occupied dwelling, and 1.1 residents per bedroom. By comparison, Eastern Riverina averaged 2.4 residents per dwelling and 1.1 per bedroom.

The median personal income was \$479 a week

The median personal income in mid-2011 was 7% less than the median in Eastern Riverina, \$517.

The median family income was \$1,181 a week

The median family income here was 5% less than in Eastern Riverina, \$1,240.

The median mortgage repayment was \$1,200 a month

The median monthly mortgage repayment in Greater Hume Shire in 2011 was 11% or \$155 less than REROC's median.

The median rent was \$150 a week

The median weekly rent was \$38 lower than Eastern Riverina, or 20% less.

Some medians		2011	Gr Hume's	200	16	Gr Hume's change from	Greater Hum
	Gr Hume	REROC	difference	Gr Hume	REROC	2006	
median age	43 yrs	39 yrs	+ 4 yrs	41 yrs	37 yrs	2 y. older	
av. persons per household	2.5	2.4	4% more	2.5	3.0	same	
av. persons per bedroom	1.1	1.1	same	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	
individual weekly income	\$479	\$517	7% less	\$474	\$480	1% more	ind. \$
family weekly income	\$1,181	\$1,240	5% less	\$1,199	\$1,212	2% less	fam
household weekly income	\$943	\$996	5% less	\$971	\$972	3% less	hhld \$
monthly mortgage payment	\$1,200	\$1,355	11% less	\$1,101	\$1,176	9% more	mortg
weekly rent	\$150	\$188	20% less	\$116	\$156	29% more	rent
CPI @ 30 June	178.3			154.3		16% more	% lower

% higher

ne Shire v. REROC

#### Age structure

This Age Tree illustrates the population's age profile, with each branch representing an age group; older age groups being higher up the tree. The length of each branch is proportional to the number of people in that age group - the shorter branches near the top of the tree show there are fewer older people. Right-hand branches show males in blue; left branches show females in purple.

#### In 2011, Greater Hume's population was older than in Eastern Riverina, with a slightly different age structure.

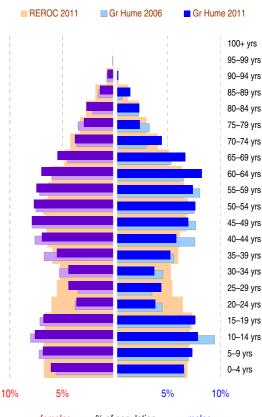
- The average age in Greater Hume Shire was 41 years, which was 3 years 6 months older than the Eastern Riverina average.
- Half of Greater Hume's population were younger than 43 years, called the median age. A median age that is older than the average age indicates a population short of younger people.
- The largest age groups in Greater Hume Shire in 2011 were people 10-14, 50-54 and 60-64 years old.
- Compared with Eastern Riverina, Greater Hume Shire had relatively more people aged 60-64, 65-69 and 55-59 years, but fewer people aged 20-24, 30-34 and 25-29 years.

Over 2006 to 2011, the Greater Hume Shire age groups that increased most were 60-64, 65-69 and 25-29 years-old. The 40-44, 10-14 and 30-34 years-old age groups fell most as a proportion of the population.

The ratio of females to males tends to rise past the age of 80, as women tend to live longer than men. In Greater Hume Shire, the ratio peaks in the 90-94 age group, with 2.6 women per man.

- Among those under 70, females were most common among people aged 40-44 and 30-34 years.
- Males were more common among those aged 65-69, 60-64 and 15-19 years.

#### Age Tree



females	% of population	males

E	Gr Hume	2011	0/ !	Outlemals	Greater I	Hume Shire	2011	Outlines in	Gr Hume's
5-year age groups	people	percent	% in REROC	Gr Hume's difference	males	females	ratio	Gr Hume In 2006	change from 2006
0–4 yrs	621	6.3%	6.8%	0.5% less	324	297	1.09 M:F	6.1%	up 0.2%
5–9 yrs	698	7.1%	6.9%	0.3% more	364	334	1.09 M:F	7.0%	up 0.1%
10–14 yrs	758	7.1 % <b>7.7%</b>	6.9%	0.8% more	389	369	1.05 M:F	8.7%	dn 1.0%
•	738 708		7.0%	0.2% more	378	330		7.1%	up 0.1%
15–19 yrs		7.2%		2.5% less			1.15 M:F		dp 0.1 %
20–24 yrs	368	3.7%	6.2%	1.1% less	189	179	1.06 M:F	4.1%	
25–29 yrs	433	4.4%	5.5%		218	215	1.01 M:F	3.5%	up 0.9%
30–34 yrs	401	4.1%	5.3%	1.2% less	185	216	1.17 F:M	4.9%	dn 0.8%
35–39 yrs	528	5.4%	6.0%	0.6% less	259	269	1.04 F:M	6.1%	dn 0.8%
40–44 yrs	627	6.4%	6.3%	0.1% more	289	338	1.17 F:M	7.6%	dn 1.2%
45–49 yrs	730	7.4%	6.7%	0.8% more	345	385	1.12 F:M	7.8%	dn 0.3%
50-54 yrs	752	7.7%	6.9%	0.8% more	377	375	1.01 M:F	7.5%	up 0.1%
55-59 yrs	730	7.4%	6.5%	1.0% more	366	364	1.01 M:F	7.6%	dn 0.2%
60-64 yrs	748	7.6%	6.2%	1.4% more	407	341	1.19 M:F	6.3%	up 1.4%
65–69 yrs	598	6.1%	5.0%	1.1% more	331	267	1.24 M:F	4.9%	up 1.2%
70–74 yrs	405	4.1%	4.1%	same	220	185	1.19 M:F	3.3%	up 0.8%
75–79 yrs	260	2.6%	3.1%	0.5% less	117	143	1.22 F:M	3.4%	dn 0.7%
80–84 yrs	246	2.5%	2.5%	same	113	133	1.18 F:M	2.2%	up 0.3%
85–89 yrs	142	1.4%	1.5%	0.1% less	72	70	1.03 M:F	1.1%	up 0.3%
90–94 yrs	50	0.5%	0.6%	same	14	36	2.57 F:M	0.5%	same
95–99 yrs	10	0.1%	0.1%	same	3	7	2.33 F:M	0.2%	dn 0.1%
100+ yrs	4	0.0%	0.0%	same	0	4	F	0.0%	up 0.0%
residents	9,817	100%	100%	SD: 1.0%	4,960	4,857	1.02 M:F	9,731	1% more
average age	ĺ	41 yrs	40 yrs	+4 yrs	40 yrs	41 yrs		40 yrs	+3 yrs
median age		43 yrs	39 yrs	+4 yrs	•	•		41 yrs	+2 yrs
In this and later tables, the most extreme r	roculto in a column (	-	•	,	ov ore esset to on	o <del>t</del>		→1 yls	+2 y13

In this and later tables, the most extreme results in a column (eg differences) are highlighted by bold font so they are easy to spot.

#### Life stages

When planning for communities and their services, understanding changes in the numbers of people in key life stages is important. Four broad age groups – children, youth, adults and retirees – are each divided into two life-stages, eight in all. They are pre-school and primary children, secondary and tertiary-age young people, birthing and mid-aged adults, and retiring and the oldest people.

Over 2006 to 2011, the lifestage that grew most, as a proportion of Greater Hume's residents, was the retiring (55–69 years) stage, which gained another 2.4% of the population, with the oldest (70+ years) lifestage also growing, up by 0.7%.

Offsetting these increases were declines in the relative size of other life stages, such as mid-aged (40–54 years), down by 1.4%, and birthing age (25–39 years), down by 0.7%.

Compared with Eastern Riverina, Greater Hume's life stages that were proportionally larger were the retiring stage, with 3.5% more of the population, and mid-aged stage, with 1.7% more.

Greater Hume Shire had relatively fewer people in the young adult stage of life, with 2.9% less, and in the birthing stage, with 2.9% fewer.

For most communities with reasonably large populations, the number of males and females is within about 5% of each other. Over Greater Hume Shire, the male:female ratio is biased towards males with 1.02 males per female, reaching 1.23 females per male among those aged 70 or more.

In other life stages, the gender ratio ranged from 1.14 males per female among those in the retiring stage to 1.09 females per male in the mid-aged stage.

# REROC 2011 Gr Hume 2006 Gr Hume 2011 oldest retiring woung adult high school

primary school

20%

30%

pre-school

10%

males

Life stages

Life etemas	Greater Hume S	Shire 2011	% in	Gr Hume's	Greater	Hume Shire	2011	Gr Hume in	difference
Life stages	people	percent	REROC	difference	males	females	ratio	2006	from 2006
pre-school (0-4 years)	621	6.3%	6.8%	0.5% less	6.5%	6.1%	1.09 M:F	6.1%	0.2% more
primary school (5-11 years)	972	9.9%	9.6%	0.3% more	10.3%	9.5%	1.10 M:F	10.5%	0.6% less
high school (12-17 years)	956	9.7%	8.4%	1.4% more	10.0%	9.5%	1.08 M:F	10.2%	0.5% less
young adult (18-24 years)	604	6.2%	9.1%	2.9% less	6.4%	6.0%	1.09 M:F	6.3%	0.1% less
birthing age (25-39 years)	1,362	13.9%	16.7%	2.9% less	13.3%	14.4%	1.06 F:M	14.6%	0.7% less
mid-aged (40-54 years)	2,109	21.5%	19.8%	1.7% more	20.4%	22.6%	1.09 F:M	22.9%	1.4% less
retiring (55-69 years)	2,076	21.1%	17.6%	3.5% more	22.3%	20.0%	1.14 M:F	18.8%	2.4% more
oldest (70+ years)	1,117	11.4%	12.0%	0.6% less	10.9%	11.9%	1.23 F:M	10.7%	0.7% more
residents	9,817	100%	100%	SD: 2.2%	100%	100%	1.02 M:F	9,731	up 1%
aged 15+	9,196	93.7%	93.2%	0.5% more	4,636	4,560	1.02 M:F	93.9%	0.2% less
Dependency ratio	1.58		1.66	0.08 lower	1.55	1.62		1.67	0.09 lower

30%

20%

10%

females

The Dependency Ratio is the number of working age (15-64 years) people per person of dependent age (u/.15 or 65+). The national average is 2.

The male:female ratio is the ratio of their numbers, not their proportions.

#### **Generations**

Your generation is set by the period you are born in, and the relative sizes of generations in a community influences its overall culture. Without migration into a community, the numbers in every generation would fall, due to deaths, with the oldest generation declining fastest. Increases in the size of a generation indicates that they moved into the community.

Greater Hume Shire is currently undergoing noticeable generational change with Generation X (aged 35–49) increasing their share of the population, with the biggest falls being in the proportions who were Generation Y (aged 20–34) and Wartime (aged 65–79).

The Veterans generation (aged 80+ in 2011, born before 1931):

- numbered 452 in 2011 (7% of the population);
- were 267 fewer than in 2006 (their share down by 3%);
- had 1.24 women per man.

The Wartime generation (aged 65 to 79 in 2011, born 1931–1946):

- numbered 1,263 in 2011 (14% of the population);
- were 143 fewer (their share down by 2%) since 2006;
- had 1.12 men per woman.

Baby-boomers (aged 50 to 64 in 2011, born 1947–1961):

- numbered 2,230 residents (23% of the population);
- were the largest generation in Greater Hume Shire;
- were unchanged (little changed) since 2006;
- had 1.11 women per man.

Generation X (aged 30-44 in 2011, born 1961-1976):

- numbered 1,885 in 2011 (19% of the population);
- were the third largest generation;
- increased by 71 (their share little changed) since 2006;
- had 1.11 women per man.

Gen Y (aged 20 to 34 in 2011, born 1961-1976):

- numbered 1,202, a 12% share;
- 232 less than 2006; a 2% smaller share;
- the fifth largest generation;
- had 1.03 women per man.

Gen Z (aged 5–19 years old in 2011, born from 1991–2006;

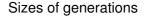
- numbered 2,164 (22%), the second largest generation;
- 34 more than in 2006 (their share was up by 0%);

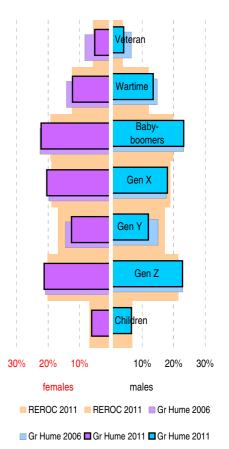
#### • had 1.03 females per male.

Greater Hume's population was up by 86 between 2006 and 2011, with:

- an increase due to 621 net births (those under 5 in 2011),
- less net departures by 267 Veterans + 232 Gen Ys + 143 of the Wartime generation
- plus net movement in by 71 Gen Xs + 34 Gen Zs + 2 Baby-boomers

Conovetions			Gre	ater Hume Shi	ire			REROC	C, 2011
Generations	2011	2006	change	2011%	2006%	change	M / F ratio	share (%)	Gr Hume diff
infants (aged 0-5)	621		+ 621	6%	0%	up 6%	1.09 M:F	7%	0% less
Generation Z (aged 5-19)	2,164	2,130	+ 34	22%	22%	up 0%	1.09 M:F	21%	1% more
Generation Y (aged 20-34)	1,202	1,434	- 232	12%	15%	dn 2%	1.03 F:M	17%	5% less
Generation X (aged 35-49)	1,885	1,814	+ 71	19%	19%	up 1%	1.11 F:M	19%	0% more
Baby-boomers (aged 50-64)	2,230	2,228	+ 2	23%	23%	dn 0%	1.06 M:F	20%	3% more
Wartime (aged 65-79)	1,263	1,406	- 143	13%	14%	dn 2%	1.12 M:F	12%	1% more
Veterans (aged 80+)	452	719	<b>– 267</b>	5%	7%	dn 3%	1.24 F:M	5%	0% less
total residents	9,817	9,731	+ 86	100%	100%	SD: 1.4%	1.02 M:F	93%	up 0.9%





#### Children borne

The average number of births that women have had increases with age, and the proportions with one, two or three children all grow. The rising birth rate plateaus around the age of 40; few women have babies after this age. Women aged from 45 to 60 (the baby boomer generation, when the Pill first became available) tend to have fewer births than older women.

In Greater Hume Shire, the average number of children borne by all women aged 15+ was 2.2. This was similar than in Eastern Riverina, where women averaged 2.1 births.

As young women matured, their average number of births increased.

- Among those aged 15–19, 98% had never had children (in Greater Hume Shire).
- Among those aged 20-24, 77% had never had children. About 13% had one birth and 10% had two births.
- By the age of 40-44 years, 36% of women had borne two children and 27% had borne three. Only 6% had never given birth.

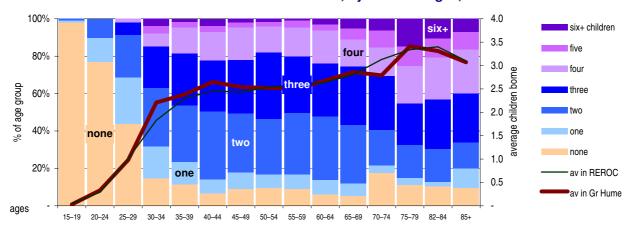
The number of children borne by women has trended downwards for decades. In Greater Hume Shire, the average number of births was steady between 2006 and 2011.

- Average births for women aged 55-59 years was 0.3 lower than in 2006.
- The average births for women aged 35-39 years also fell.
- Average births rose most for those aged 30–34 years and 25–29 years.

Compared with Eastern Riverina, the average number of births per woman in Greater Hume Shire was

Eight of the 5-year age cohorts had higher birth rates here; seven had lower rates.

#### Number of children borne, by women's ages, 2011



Number of children		Number o	of children ev	children ever borne			r women	change 20	06-2011
borne	none	one	two	three	four +	av in Gr Hume av	in REROC	Gr Hume	REROC
age of women in 2011	% of	women of eac	ch age having ha	d this many births	i				
15-19 years	98%	1%	1%	-	-	0.0	0.1	same	same
20-24 years	77%	13%	10%	-	-	0.3	0.3	same	dn 0.1
25–29 years	44%	25%	23%	6%	2%	1.0	1.0	up 0.1	same
30-34 years	15%	17%	31%	22%	15%	2.2	1.8	up 0.5	same
35–39 years	11%	12%	30%	28%	19%	2.4	2.3	dn 0.1	same
40-44 years	6%	8%	36%	27%	22%	2.7	2.5	same	same
45–49 years	9%	9%	32%	29%	22%	2.5	2.4	same	dn 0.1
50-54 years	10%	7%	30%	36%	18%	2.5	2.5	same	dn 0.1
55–59 years	9%	7%	33%	30%	20%	2.5	2.6	dn 0.3	same
60-64 years	6%	8%	34%	28%	24%	2.7	2.6	dn 0.1	dn 0.1
65–69 years	5%	7%	31%	31%	25%	2.9	2.8	dn 0.1	dn 0.3
70-74 years	18%	4%	19%	29%	31%	2.8	3.1	dn 0.7	dn 0.3
75–79 years	11%	4%	18%	22%	45%	3.4	3.3	up 0.1	same
80-84 years	10%	2%	18%	26%	43%	3.3	3.4	same	up 0.2
85+ years	10%	10%	14%	26%	40%	3.1	3.1	dn 0.4	up 0.2
Total	22%	9%	26%	24%	20%	2.2	2.1	same	same
Average births calculated from raw data as	ssuming 7 births 09	% = u/. 0.5%	The most commo	on number of birth	s for each	Th	e biggest char	nges are shaded	this colour

### Households

#### The households of Greater Hume Shire

Households are the fundamental unit of a community, with three broad types - families, lone persons, and shared households. The Australian trend is towards more single-person households, but locally the types of households are often a reflection of the sizes of dwellings available. More flats usually means more small dwellings and more single persons.

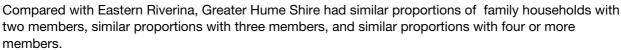
# In 2011, 3,611 households were counted in Greater Hume Shire, 37 fewer than in 2006.

Of the households, 73% were families, 25% were single persons and 2% were shared or group households.

The average size of all households was 2.51 persons, which was 0.05 smaller than in Eastern Riverina. Family households averaged 3.06 people, similar to Eastern Riverina.

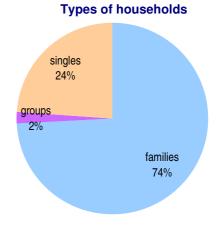
Of the 2,619 family households:

- half (48%) had two members,
- · one-fifth (19%) had three members, and
- one-third (33%) had four or more members.



Of the other households in Greater Hume Shire, 917 or 92% were lone-person households. The rest were shared or group housing, with over nine in every ten of these having two 'flat-mates' and almost one in every twenty having three members. Across Eastern Riverina, nine in every ten of non-family households were lone persons.

Since 2006, the average size of all households had decreased by 0.02 persons. That of family households increased by 0.02 while that of non-family households increased by 0.01.



		Nun	nbers in house	holds		
family h'holds in Gr Hume						
family h'holds in REROC		<u>'</u>		'		
	[ ] ] ]	■ 1 person	2 persons	■ 3 persons	<b>4 5</b>	■ 6+
non-family h'holds in Gr Hume		•	lone persons	S	'	
non-fam h'holds in REROC			1			
% of households 0	1%	20%	40%	60%	80%	1009
		Number of boundhalds	(-l11! \ - <b>f</b>	la ele-		

Sizes of households		Number of h	nouseholds	(dwellings)	of each size		total	total	av. h'hold
Sizes of flousefloids	1 person	2 persons	3 persons	4 persons	5 persons	6 or more	households	residents	size
family households		1,266	490	465	258	140	2,619	8,004	3.06
non-family households	917	70	5	0	0	0	992	1,072	1.08
all dwellings 2011	917	1,336	495	465	258	140	3,611	9,076	2.51
family households 2006 *		1,328	487	455	261	141	2,672	8,100	3.03
non-family households 2006 *	842	53	7	0	0	0	902	969	1.07
all dwellings 2006 *	842	1,381	494	455	261	141	3,574	9,069	2.54
2011									
family h'holds in Gr Hume		48%	19%	18%	10%	5%	2,619	8,004	3.06
family h'holds in REROC		49%	19%	18%	9%	5%	34,301	103,696	3.02
non-family h'holds in Gr Hume	92%	7%	1%	0%	0%	0%	992	1,072	1.08
non-fam h'holds in REROC	90%	8%	1%	0%	0%	0%	14,781	16,718	1.13

The total number of residents is calculated by multiplying the number of households by their sizes, assuming 6.1 persons per household for those recorded as '6 or more'. This assumption makes the calculated total equal the population in private dwellings.

#### Living arrangements

There are various living arrangements within households, and the roles people have differs between the sexes, from other places, and over time. Mostly, adults live as a single or a partner in a couple, while young people are either dependent children (under 15), full-time students (aged 15 to 24), or independent.

Here, 49% of residents lived as partners in a couple, with one in every ten being de facto couples.

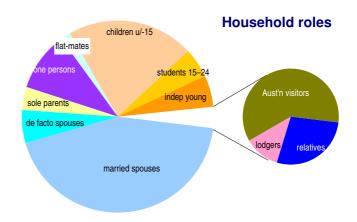
Sole parents were 4% of residents.

Children living with a parent made up 32% of the residents, of whom:

- 22% were under 15 years old,
- 5% were full-time students, and
- 5% were independent young adults.

Of the other adults:

- 10% were living alone
- · 2% lived in shared housing
- 1% lived with relatives.

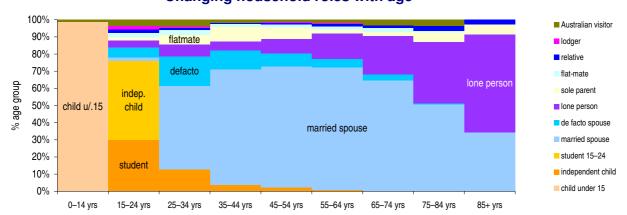


Compared to Eastern Riverina, Greater Hume Shire had 4% more residents who were married spouses, but 2% fewer were de facto spouses and 1% fewer were flat-mates.

Compared with 2006, 0.7% more residents were lone persons and 0.6% more were full-time students (15–24), while 1.0% fewer were married spouses and 0.6% fewer were children under 15.

The chart below shows the proportions of different age groups in the main roles. The dominant feature is the proportion who are married spouses, which peaks at over half the people in their 60s. The proportion in de facto relationships peaks around thirty years old, while the proportion who live alone tends to increase with age (about half those aged 85+ live alone).

#### Changing household roles with age



	Gr Hume	2011			Greate	r Hume Shire	2011		
Roles in households	persons, all ages	% of all ages	% in REROC	Gr Hume's difference	males	females	ratio	2006 % in Gr Hume	diff. from 2006
married spouses	3,967	44%	40%	4% more	1,970	1,997	1.01 F:M	45%	dn 1%
de facto spouses	512	6%	7%	2% less	256	256	=	5%	up 0%
sole parents	337	4%	4%	1% less	84	253	3.01 F:M	4%	dn 0%
lone persons	917	10%	11%	1% less	489	428	1.14 M:F	9%	up 1%
flat-mates	144	2%	3%	1% less	79	65	1.22 M:F	1%	up 0%
children under 15	1,956	22%	21%	0% more	1,014	942	1.08 M:F	22%	dn 1%
full-time students (15-24)	444	5%	4%	1% more	213	231	1.08 F:M	4%	up 1%
independent young adults	475	5%	5%	0% more	312	163	1.91 M:F	5%	up 0%
relatives	93	1%	1%	0% less	47	46	1.02 M:F	1%	dn 0%
lodgers	40	0%	1%	0% less	23	17	1.35 M:F	1%	dn 0%
Aust'n visitors	202	2%	3%	0% less	106	96	1.10 M:F	3%	dn 0%
Total	9,087	100%	100%		4,593	4,494	1.02 M:F	100%	

Children living with their families and not a partner are classified into one of three groups - children under 15, dependent children (who are full-time students), and non-dependent children (who may work or be part-time students, or neither). Flat-mates are unrelated people who share a household; Lodgers are unrelated residents living with a family.

#### **Families**

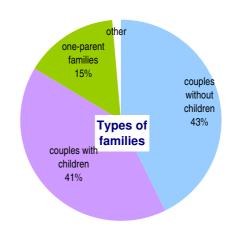
Most people live in families, and the types of families in a community affects its characteristics and needs. Families with high proportions of dependents, such as one-parent families and large families, tend to have lower disposable incomes and live in areas with cheaper housing. Couples without children are mainly either young or empty-nesters, and can include same-sex couples.

Of the families in Greater Hume Shire:

- 44% were couples with children;
- 43% couples without children;
- 13% were one-parent families.

The biggest difference from Eastern Riverina in the types of families is that Greater Hume Shire had 3% more couples with children and 2% fewer one-parent families.

Between 2006 and 2011, the number of couples with children increased by 1% and the number of one-parent families decreased by 2%, while the overall population counted fell by 2%.



Type of families	Greater Hume	Shire 2011		Gr Hume's	Greater	Hume Shire	2006	Greater Hume Shire 2006		
Type of families	families	% families	% in REROC	difference	families	change	change %	% families	change in %	
couples without children	1,130	43%	43%	same	1,174	dn 44	dn 4%	44%	dn 1%	
couples with children	1,158	44%	41%	3% more	1,146	up 12	up 1%	43%	up 1%	
one-parent families	337	13%	15%	2% less	343	dn 6	dn 2%	13%	dn 0%	
other families	25	1%	1%	same	30	dn 5	dn 17%	1%	dn 0%	
total families	2,650	100%	100%		2,693	dn 43	dn 2%	100%		

Note: this count excludes family members temporarily absent on Census Night. In the Census, a family is a group of related people living in the same dwelling.

The average size of all families in Greater Hume Shire in 2011 was 2.9 persons, which was very similar to Eastern Riverina and virtually unchanged from 2006.

Couple families averaged 4.0 persons:

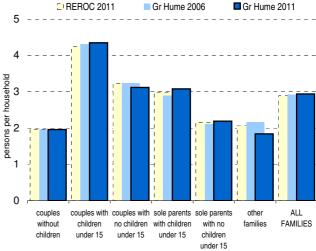
- 4.4 for families with children under 15,
- 3.1 for families with no children under 15.

One-parent families averaged 2.7 persons:

- 3.1 for families with children under 15,
- 2.2 for families with no children under 15.

Between 2006 and 2011, the average family size of sole parents with children under 15 increased most, by 0.18, while that of other families fell most, down by 0.33.

## Average family size



Family size	Greater	Hume Shire	2011	REROC,	Gr Hume's	Gr Hume, 2006		REROC, 2006	
Family size	families	residents	av size	2011 av size	difference	av size	change	av size	change
couples without children	1,130	2,220	1.96	1.97	0.01 less	1.96	same	1.97	dn 0.01
couples with children under 15	805	3,500	4.35	4.24	0.11 more	4.32	up 0.03	4.24	up 0.11
couples with no children under 15	353	1,101	3.12	3.23	0.11 less	3.24	dn 0.12	3.23	dn 0.11
sole parents with children under 15	197	606	3.08	2.99	0.09 more	2.90	up 0.18	2.94	up 0.14
sole parents with no children under 15	140	307	2.19	2.16	0.03 more	2.11	up 0.08	2.16	up 0.03
other families	25	46	1.84	2.07	0.23 less	2.17	dn 0.33	2.06	dn 0.22
ALL FAMILIES	2,650	7,780	2.94	2.89	0.05 more	2.92	up 0.02	2.93	up 0.01

Excludes family members temporarily absent on Census Night.

#### Marriage and family blending

Many families consisting of couples who may not be married to each other, living with children who may not be both of theirs by birth. A person's marital state can be a poor indicator of their lifestyle. A person's legal marital status (eg married, divorced) can be less relevant than their social marital status (whether they live as a couple or a single).

Of Greater Hume's 7,737 residents aged 15+ in 2011, 57% were married and 26% had never married. The other 18% were once married, and were now separated (3%), divorced (8%), or widowed (7%).

About 57% of residents in Greater Hume Shire lived as a couple, which was similar to the 57% who were legally married. Of cohabiting couples, one in nine were not married (to each other).

Compared with Eastern Riverina, more residents were married (6% more), while fewer were never married (6% fewer).

Over 2006 to 2011, the proportions of adults in Greater Hume Shire who were divorced rose by 1%. The proportion who were married fell by 2%.



The outer, darker ring is Gr Hume; the inner, lighter ring is REROC.

Generally, because women live longer, more tend to be widowed, but also separated and divorced. In Greater Hume Shire there were 2.4 women per man among the widowed, 1.0 women per man among separated adults but 1.1 men per woman among divorced adults.

People who have never married are more usually male; in Greater Hume Shire, there were 1.3 men per woman among those who had never married.

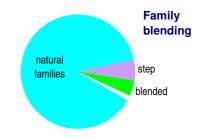
Legal marriage	Gr Hume,	2011		Gr Hume's	Greater H	lume Shire	2011	Gr Hume in	change from
Legai marriage	people	percent	% in REROC	difference	males	females	ratio	2006	2006
married	4,386	56.7%	50.7%	6.0% more	2,178	2,208	1.01 F:M	58.4%	dn 1.7%
separated	238	3.1%	3.2%	0.1% less	118	120	1.02 F:M	3.2%	dn 0.1%
divorced	610	7.9%	7.9%	same	314	296	1.06 M:F	6.8%	up 1.1%
widowed	528	6.8%	6.8%	same	156	372	2.38 F:M	7.1%	dn 0.3%
never married	1,975	25.5%	31.4%	5.9% less	1,112	863	1.29 M:F	24.6%	up 0.9%
residents aged 15+	7,737	100%	100%		3,878	3,859	1.00 M:F	100%	
Living situation									
married	3,967	57.3%	52.0%	5.3% more	1,969	1,998	1.01 F:M	59.3%	dn 2.0%
de facto	510	7.4%	9.6%	2.2% less	258	252	1.02 M:F	6.9%	up 0.5%
single	2,450	35.4%	38.4%	3.0% less	1,247	1,203	1.04 M:F	33.8%	up 1.6%
residents aged 15+	6,927	100%	100%		3,474	3,453	1.01 M:F	100%	

These tables excludes those who were temporarily absent on Census night, and people living in 'visitors only' households or non-private dwellings (eg nursing homes, barracks).

Families are either 'natural' families (where children come from both parents, or were adopted), step-families (where all children came from one partner), or blended families (with children from each partner).

In Greater Hume Shire, 120 families (10% of families) included at least one step-child – 5.7% were step families and 4.7% were blended families.

- Of Eastern Riverina families, 7.1% were step-families and 5.4% were blended families.
- Between 2006 and 2001, the number of step or blended families in Greater Hume Shire fell by 4 (or 3%).



Blended and step	Gr Hume,	2011	Gr Hume's	G	reater Hume	Shire, 2006		change % in
families	families	%	% in REROC difference	families	%	change	change%	REROC
natural families	1,024	88.4%	86.6% 1.7% more	1,016	88.5%	up 8	up 1%	dn 5%
step families	66	5.7%	7.1% <b>1.5% less</b>	74	6.4%	dn 8	dn 11%	dn 1%
blended families	54	4.7%	5.4% 0.7% less	50	4.4%	up 4	up 8%	up 3%
other families	15	1.3%	0.9% 0.4% more	8	0.7%	up 7	up 88%	up 32%
families	1,159	100%	100%	1,148	100%	up 11	up 1%	dn 4%

#### **Child caring**

The Census asked adults (15+) whether they voluntarily provided child care, either for their own child or another's, within the past fortnight. The proportion caring for a child rises to a peak with people in their forties, while the proportion caring for another's child peaks in the grandparent age.

In Greater Hume Shire, 30% of adults (aged 15+) provided some voluntary child care, with 21% providing care only for their own children and 9% caring for another's child (of whom 1% were also caring for their own children).

Generally, there is a noticeable difference in child care provision between men and women. This is shown on the chart by the lines representing men and women. At virtually all ages, more women care for children than men.

- In Greater Hume Shire, 35% of women provided voluntary child caring compared to 25% of men.
- For Eastern Riverina overall, 23% of women and 33% of men provided child care.

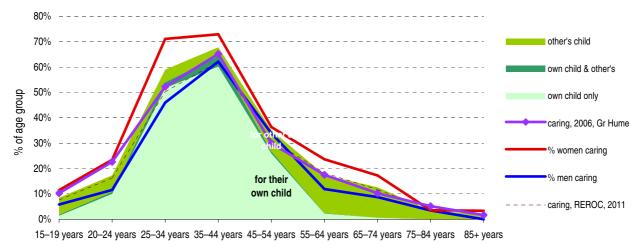
Child caring peaked in Greater Hume Shire between the ages of 35–44 years when 68% of residents were providing child caring (73% of women and 62% of men). It was next highest among people aged 25–34 years (59%) and 45–54 years (35%).

Caring for others' children was highest amongst residents aged 55–64 years with 15% caring for another's child (likely their grandchild), compared with 2% of this age group who were caring only for their own child. Among those aged 65–74 years, 12% looked after another's child (with or without their own).

Between 2006 and 2011, the proportion caring for a child in Greater Hume Shire was steady.

- In the highest-caring age, 35–44 years, the proportion caring for a child rose by 3%.
- The proportion of 25–34 years caring for a child rose by 7%...
- The proportion of 20-24 years caring for a child fell by 5%.

#### Proportion of age group who give child care



Child care given,	% of res	idents of eac	ch age who ca	red in 2011 fo	or	caring, RER	OC, 2011	caring, 2006, Gr Hume		
residents aged 15+	own child only	other's child	any child (total)	% men caring	% women caring	Ο,	Gr Hume diff. rom REROC	% caring, any child	change 2006–2011	
15-19 years	1%	7%	8%	6%	12%	8%	1% more	10%	dn 2%	
20-24 years	10%	7%	17%	12%	23%	16%	1% more	23%	dn 5%	
25-34 years	52%	7%	59%	46%	71%	50%	9% more	52%	up 7%	
35-44 years	60%	8%	68%	62%	73%	62%	6% more	65%	up 3%	
45-54 years	26%	9%	35%	34%	36%	31%	4% more	30%	up 5%	
55-64 years	2%	15%	18%	12%	24%	18%	1% less	18%	dn 0%	
65-74 years	1%	12%	13%	9%	17%	12%	1% more	10%	up 2%	
75-84 years	0%	4%	4%	3%	4%	4%	0% less	5%	dn 2%	
85+ years	0%	2%	2%	0%	3%	0%	2% more	2%	up 0%	
all residents aged 15+	21%	9%	30%	25%	35%	28%	2% more	30%	up 0%	

#### Housework

The Census asked adults(15+) how many hours housework (unpaid domestic work) they did in the last week, including cleaning, cooking, washing, shopping, gardening and maintenance. The usual housework pattern is not surprising — as with child caring, women do more hours than men, and people of parenting age do more than teenagers or older people.

# In Greater Hume Shire, women averaged around 16 hours of domestic work a week, compared to 7 hours for men.

Overall, 19% of Greater Hume Shire adults did not do any housework. They include high proportions of the teenagers: here 34% of them did no housework. Those least able to avoid housework were aged 35–44 years, of whom only 11% did no housework.

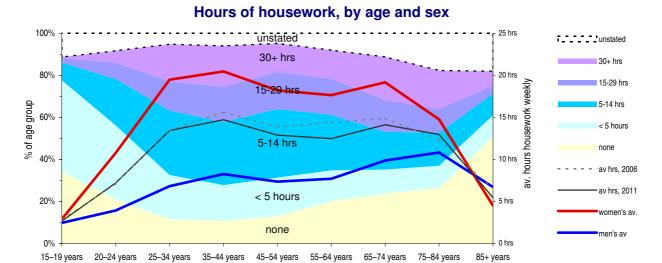
Housework is strongly affected by having children, with the peak housework hours usually occurring over the main child-rearing ages. Here, the peak housework age:

- for women was around 35-44 years, when they averaged around 20 hours housework each week;
- for men, the peak housework was 11 hours a week among those aged 75–84 years.

Women tend to do more housework than men regardless of age.

- Among those aged 25-34 years, women did 2.9 times the housework, 19 hours vs 6.8 for men.
- Among residents aged 15–19 years, women did 2.7 times the housework.
- In advanced age, housework tapers off, often faster for women than men. Men aged over 85 do 49% more housework than women.

Between 2006 and 2011, the average weekly housework by women in Greater Hume Shire fell by 1.3 hours; for men, average housework fell by 0.3 hours.



# The chart shows how domestic labour changes with age and sex. The shaded areas represent the proportion of adults of each age who did different amounts of housework (eg 5-14 hours a week), running from the youngest on the left to the oldest on the right. The solid lines show the average hours of domestic work per week, shown on the right axis, by all people in 2001 and 2006 (dark lines) and by men and women in 2011 (blue and red lines).

Housework by age in	hou	rs of unpaid	domestic v	work per we	ek	av hours pw housework, Gr Hume					
Greater Hume Shire	none	< 5 hours	5-14 hrs	15-29 hrs	30+ hrs	women, 2011	men, 2011	F change 2001–2006	M change 2006–2011		
15–19 years	34%	43%	8%	2%	1%	2.9 hrs	2.5 hrs	dn 0.4	up 0.1		
20-24 years	21%	35%	22%	8%	6%	10.8 hrs	3.9 hrs	dn 0.1	dn 0.1		
25–34 years	12%	21%	31%	14%	18%	19.5 hrs	6.8 hrs	up 0.1	dn 0.1		
35-44 years	11%	17%	30%	17%	19%	20.5 hrs	8.3 hrs	dn 1.9	dn 0.0		
45-54 years	13%	18%	33%	18%	14%	18.2 hrs	7.4 hrs	dn 1.3	dn 0.7		
55-64 years	20%	15%	26%	17%	14%	17.6 hrs	7.7 hrs	dn 3.3	dn 0.9		
65–74 years	24%	11%	18%	15%	21%	19.2 hrs	9.9 hrs	dn 1.0	dn 0.0		
75–84 years	26%	11%	16%	11%	18%	14.8 hrs	10.8 hrs	up 0.8	up 0.1		
85+ years	51%	10%	10%	4%	7%	4.5 hrs	6.7 hrs	dn 2.2	up 1.0		
residents	19%	19%	25%	14%	14%	16.5 hrs	7.4 hrs	dn 1.3	dn 0.3		

The average number of hours is estimated by multiplying the proportion in each range by an estimated average for that range, where there are more than 5 people. The averages used are 0 for none, 2 for <5 hours, 10 for 5-14 hours, 22 for 15-29 hours, and 35 for 30+ hours.

# Housing

#### Types of dwellings

The types of dwellings in a community are a reflection of its land prices and population structure. Regional and outer metropolitan areas have traditionally been dominated by detached houses, but newer dwellings tend to be smaller and use less land. Urban areas, too, have seen a trend towards houses being replaced by higher-density dwellings, from townhouses to high-rise flats.

In 2011, 3,610 occupied private dwellings were counted in Greater Hume Shire, containing 9,077 residents at an average occupancy of 2.51 persons per dwelling.

Some 98% of the occupied dwellings were detached houses, which was 8% more than in Eastern Riverina. The other occupied dwellings

- 41 attached houses such as semis and townhouses,
- · 22 flats and units,
- 21 other types of dwellings, notably flats attached to a shop.

Of the occupied flats/units, all were low-rise.

The occupancy rate of houses was 2.54 persons per dwelling.

- This was 4% lower than in 2006.
- The occupancy rate over Eastern Riverina was 2.56.

For flats and units, the average occupancy was 1.73 persons.

- This was 40% higher than the occupancy rate in 2006.
- · Occupancy of flats in Eastern Riverina averaged 1.52 persons.

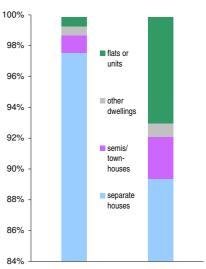
The occupancy rate of attached houses (eg semis and townhouses) was 1.37 persons per dwelling.

- This was 110% lower than the occupancy rate in 2006.

Eastern Riverina Greater Hume Shire • The occupancy rate in Eastern Riverina averaged 1.62 persons. There were also 600 people living in institutional (or non-private) accommodation in 2011. This can include nursing homes, boarding houses, hospitals, prisons, and barracks. The number in institutional accommodation had risen by 338 since 2006.

	Dwellings occupied by residents occupancy rates of dwellings								
Types of dwellings	Gr Hume	% Gr Hume	% REROC	Gr Hume's	residents, Gr	residents /	residents /		res/ dwg,
	2011	dwgs.	dwgs.	difference	Hume 2011	dwelling	dwg, 2006	% change	REROC
separate houses	3,521	98%	89%	8% more	8,935	2.54	2.58	dn 4%	2.56
semis/ town-houses	41	1%	3%	2% less	56	1.37	2.47	dn 110%	1.62
• one storey	41	1.1%	2.3%	1.1% less	56	1.37	2.18	dn 81%	1.58
• two or more storeys	0	0.0%	0.4%	0.4% less	0	-	-	-	1.88
flats or units	22	1%	7%	6% less	38	1.73	1.33	up 40%	1.52
• in a 1-2 storey block	19	0.5%	6.5%	5.9% less	32	1.68	1.25	up 43%	1.52
• in a 3 storey block	0	0.0%	0.2%	0.2% less	0	-	-	-	1.35
• in a 4+ storey block	0	0.0%	0.2%	0.2% less	0	-	2.33	-	1.50
attached to a house	3	0.1%	0.1%	0.0% less	6	2.00	-	-	1.74
other dwellings	21	1%	0.9%	0% less	39	1.86	2.21	dn 35%	1.81
<ul> <li>caravan, cabin, houseboat</li> </ul>	9	0.2%	0.4%	0.2% less	9	1.00	2.94	dn 194%	1.31
<ul> <li>improvised home or tent</li> </ul>	0	0.0%	0.1%	0.1% less	11	-	-	-	2.81
<ul> <li>flat attached to a shop</li> </ul>	12	0.3%	0.4%	0.1% less	19	1.58	1.77	dn 19%	2.18
not stated	5	0.1%	0.2%	0.0% less	9	1.80	2.21	dn 41%	1.67
Total	3,610	100%	100%		9,077	2.51	1.77	up 75%	2.45
people in non-private dwellings					600	in 2011	262	in 2006	

Occupied private dwellings are only those that held residents on Census night, and exclude dwellings occupied by visitors and non-classifiable households (which are mainly dwellings that appeared inhabited but where a Census form was not collected).



Types of dwellings

#### **Dwelling tenures**

The Census asks whether each occupied dwelling is fully-owned, being bought (mortgaged) or rented. The balance between these three forms of housing tenure gives some indications about the permanency, age and wealth of a community.

Overall, 43% of Greater Hume's occupied dwellings were fully owned, 34% of Greater Hume's dwellings were being purchased, and 18% were rented (4% had other arrangements or did not say).

The proportion fully-owned was 5% higher than in Eastern Riverina. Generally, more fully-owned dwellings indicates an older, longer-settled population.

- 44% of houses, none of semi's / townhouses and none of the flats / units were fully owned.
- The proportion fully-owned was down by 1% between 2006 and 2011.

The proportion of Greater Hume's dwellings being purchased was 2% more than in Eastern Riverina. Generally, more dwellings being purchased indicates an influx of newer, younger residents.

- 34% of separate houses were being purchased, as were 13% of the flats / units.
- The proportion of dwellings being purchased was was steady between 2006 and 2011.

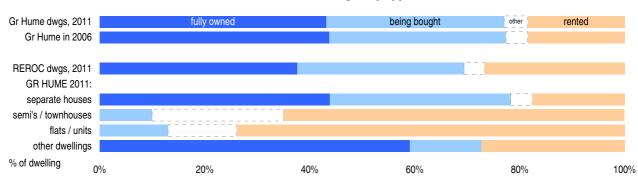
Most other dwellings were rented (18%), which was 8% lower than for Eastern Riverina.

- The proportion of dwellings that were rented was steady between 2006 and 2011.
- 74% of the flats / units were rented as were 10% of the semi's / townhouses.
- 5% of all dwellings were rentals managed by real estate agents;
- 8% were managed by individuals (eg small investors);
- 5% had other private landlords.

less than 1% of occupied dwellings in Greater Hume Shire were public housing, 18 homes in all.

- Of these, 15 were separate houses, 3 were semi's or townhouses.
- Since 2006, the number of occupied public housing dwellings had fallen by 16.

#### Tenure of dwellings, by type



Tenures of dwellings, by	% of ea	ch dwelling t	type in each	tenure	% under	different la	ndlords	public housing		
type	fully owned	being bought	rented	other	estate agent	owner	public housing	2011	2006	
separate houses	44%	34%	18%	4%	5%	8%	0%	15	19	
semi's / townhouses	0%	10%	65%	25%	38%	0%	8%	3	0	
flats / units	0%	13%	74%	13%	22%	13%	0%	0	15	
other dwellings	59%	14%	27%	0%	14%	14%	0%	0	0	
Gr Hume dwgs, 2011	43%	34%	18%	4%	5%	8%	0%	18	34	
REROC dwgs, 2011	38%	32%	27%	4%	12%	7%	4%	1,839	2,054	
Gr Hume diff. from REROC	5% higher	2% higher	8% lower	1% higher	7% lower	1% higher	3% lower			
Gr Hume in 2006	44%	34%	18%	4%	4%	8%	1%			
Gr Hume change from 2006	0.6% lower	0.3% higher	0.0% lower	0.3% higher	1.1% higher	0.6% lower	0.5% lower			

The 'other' tenure includes not stated. The proportions under different landlords do not add to the total rental proportion as some less-common landlord types are not shown.

#### Mortgage payments

The level of mortgage payments in a community is a reflection of two main factors - dwelling prices and the age of the mortgages. Lower mortgage payments usually signify that dwellings are cheaper on average, or that fewer are buying more-expensive houses. Higher mortgage payments can be caused by an incoming population, since their mortgages are newer, and generally reflect higher house prices than paid by longer-term residents.

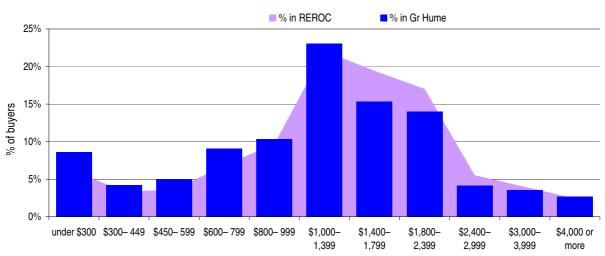
The average mortgage payment in 2011 by the 1,229 households in Greater Hume Shire who were paying off their home was about \$1,411 a month. The median mortgage (where half the households paid more and half less) was around \$1,200 a month.

- the average mortgage here was 8% less than Eastern Riverina
- the median mortgage was 11% less

The average mortgage generally varies with the type of dwelling, and here ranged from about \$1,188 per month among the 6 flats or units and \$1,108 among the 1,208 separate houses, down to \$1,075 among the 3 attached houses.

The average 2006 mortgage was around \$1,340 (in 2011 dollars), so the average mortgage in Greater Hume Shire had risen by about \$76 or 6% over the 5 years.

#### Monthly mortgage payments



Monthly mortgage	occupied	dwellings	being purc	hased	% of dwellin	g type in mort	gage range	Gr Hume, 2006		
payments	number in Gr Hume	% in Gr Hume %	in REROC	Gr Hume's difference			flats or units		% of home buyers	
under \$300	100	9%	6%	2.6% more	9%	0%	0%	\$1-\$249	3%	
\$300-449	49	4%	3%	1% more	4%	0%	0%	\$250-\$399	4%	
\$450-599	57	5%	4%	1% more	5%	0%	0%	\$400-\$549	12%	
\$600-799	105	9%	7%	2% more	9%	0%	0%	\$550-\$749	15%	
\$800-999	120	10%	10%	1% more	10%	0%	0%	\$750-\$949	15%	
\$1,000-1,399	267	23%	22%	1% more	23%	100%	50%	\$950-\$1,199	16%	
\$1,400-1,799	178	15%	19%	4% less	15%	0%	50%	\$1,200-\$1,399	10%	
\$1,800-2,399	162	14%	17%	3% less	14%	0%	0%	\$1,400-\$1,599	7%	
\$2,400-2,999	48	4%	6%	1% less	4%	0%	0%	\$1,600-\$1,999	7%	
\$3,000-3,999	41	4%	4%	0% less	4%	0%	0%	\$2,000-\$2,999	7%	
\$4,000 or more	31	3%	2%	0% more	2%	0%	0%	\$3,000+	4%	
not stated	71			not included in	n percentages			not stated		
Total	1,229	100%	100%		1,208	3	6	total	100%	
av. monthly mortgage	\$1,411		\$1,536	8% lower	\$1,108	\$1,075	\$1,188		\$1,155	
median monthly mortgage	\$1,200		\$1,355	11% lower					\$953	
The largest bands for each place and dwe mid-points of the ranges using \$5000 for the transparent of the ranges using \$5000 for the range using \$5000 for the ran	0 7.		•	rtgage is calcula	ted from the	CPI June 2006:	154.3	CPI June 2011	178.3	

#### Weekly rents

Since more renters live in poverty than home owners or buyers, the rents paid in a community is an indicator of the community incomes. Places with more people paying lower rents often have pockets of disadvantage in the areas where rents are lowest.

The average rent paid by the 668 households renting in Greater Hume Shire in 2011 was around \$157 a week. The median rent, where half the households paid more and half less, was \$150 a week.

- The average rent was \$192 per week for the 200 dwellings managed by real estate agents.
- It was \$132 a week for the 383 dwellings managed by private landlords (eg investors, housing associations, charities).
- In public housing, the average rent was \$93 a week.

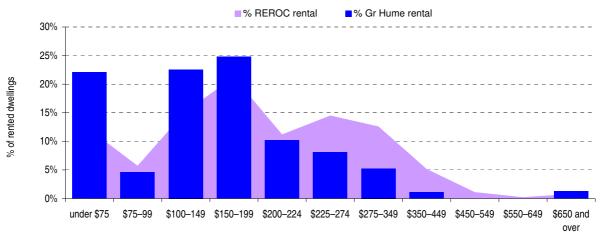
The most common rents in 2011 were in the ranges \$150–199 and \$100–149 a week, which covered 69% of rental households.

Rents in Greater Hume Shire were, on average, 16% less than in Eastern Riverina (\$188 a week), where the most common rent ranges were \$150–199 and \$100–149 a week.

The average weekly rent in Greater Hume Shire in 2006 was \$133 (in 2011 dollars), so average rents had risen by \$24 over 5 years, which was 18% in real terms. The median weekly rent had risen by \$34 or 30% in real terms.

Average rents in Eastern Riverina rose 10% over these five years; median rents by 10%.





	C	occupied rente	ed dwellings		% dwellings in 6	each rent range,	by landlord	% Gr Hum	e in 2006
Weekly rent payments	rented	% Gr Hume	% REROC	Gr Hume's		private*	public		% Gr Hume
	dwellings	rental	rental	difference	agents	landlords	housing	ranges	rental
under \$75	139	22%	12%	10% more	2%	22%	15%	\$0 – 49	23%
\$75–99	29	5%	6%	1% less	4%	4%	20%	\$50 - 99	19%
\$100–149	142	23%	15%	7% more	16%	28%	50%	\$100 – 139	27%
\$150–199	156	25%	21%	4% more	33%	26%	0%	\$140 – 179	18%
\$200–224	64	10%	11%	1% less	14%	10%	0%	\$180 – 224	7%
\$225–274	51	8%	15%	6% less	14%	7%	0%	\$225 – 274	3%
\$275–349	33	5%	13%	7% less	10%	4%	0%	\$275 – 349	1%
\$350-449	7	1%	5%	4% less	4%	0%	0%	\$350 - 449	0%
\$450–549	0	0%	1%	1% less	0%	0%	0%	\$450 - 549	1%
\$550-649	0	0%	0%	0% less	0%	0%	0%	\$550 +	1%
\$650 and over	8	1%	1%	0% more	3%	0%	15%		
not stated	39			not included i	n percentages			not stated	
Total	668	100%	100%		200	383	20		100%
average rent	\$157		\$187	16% lower	\$192	\$132	\$93	av (2011 \$):	\$133
median rent	\$150		\$188	20% lower		n.a.		med (2011 \$):	\$116
T				11: 1 : 11 0/		a cross of a con-	1 2000		14 16700:

The most common rent ranges are have their data in bolded. The average is calculated by multiplying the % in each range by its mid-point, using \$800 for the top range in 2011 and \$700 in 2006. Rents in 2006 are inflated by the change in the CPI over the five years, to show equivalent dollars.

<sup>\*</sup> The column 'private landlords' includes individuals, cooperatives, church groups and 'other'.

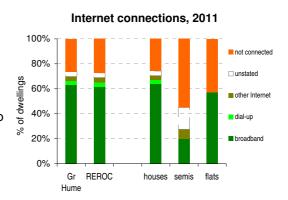
#### Internet connection

By August 2011, 70% of occupied dwellings in Greater Hume Shire were connected to the Internet, with 63% having a broadband connection and 3% using dial-up.

- Compared with Eastern Riverina, there were 2% more households with broadband.
- Overall, 37% of dwellings did not have high-speed Internet, compared with 38% for Eastern Riverina.
- 80% of semis or townhouses were without broadband, compared with 36% of separate houses.

Between 2006 and 2001, the proportion of dwellings with no Internet connection was down by 15% while the proportion with broadband rose by 36%.

• In Eastern Riverina, the proportion of dwellings with no connection was down by 16% while the proportion with broadband rose by 33%.



		occupied d	lwellings		% of dw	elling type, Gr	Hume	Gr Hume, 2006		
Internet connection	number	% Gr Hume dwellings	% REROC dwellings	Gr Hume's difference	separate houses	semis or townhouses	flats	% dwellings	change 2006–2011	
an Internet connection	2,518	70%	69%	1% more	70%	28%	57%	56%	up 14%	
no Internet connection	950	26%	27%	1% less	26%	55%	43%	41%	dn 15%	
unstated	141	4%	4%	0% more	4%	18%	0%	3%	up 1%	
occupied dwellings	3,609	100%	100%		100%	100%	100%	100%		
broadband	2,284	63%	62%	2% more	64%	20%	57%	28%	up 36%	
dial-up	117	3%	3%	0% less	3%	0%	0%	28%	dn 25%	
other Internet	117	3%	4%	1% less	3%	8%	0%	0%	up 3%	
no broadband connection	1,325	37%	38%	2% less	36%	80%	43%	72%	dn 36%	

Other types of internet connection include through mobile phone, but wireless is included in broadband.

#### **Vehicles**

In 2011, an average of 2.0 vehicles were parked at each household in Greater Hume Shire. This was 14% or 0.25 vehicles per household more than Eastern Riverina.

About 4% of Greater Hume Shire households had no vehicles, with most having one (29%) or two (38%), while 26% had three+ vehicles.

• Compared with Eastern Riverina, Greater Hume Shire had more households with three vehicles and fewer households with one vehicle.

The average vehicles per household was up by 0.33 since 2006.

- the proportion of households with three vehicles was up by 1.8%
- the proportion with one vehicle fell by 1.6%.

# Vehicles per dwelling 100% 80% 4+ 3 2 2 Greater Hume Shire Eastern Riverina

	occupied	dwellings by	y number of	vehicles	Gr Hume	change, 200	6-2011	REROC change, 2006-2011		
Vehicles per dwelling	dwelllings 2011	% Gr Hume dwellings	% REROC dwellings	Gr Hume's difference	dwellings in 2006	% dwgs, 2006	change in % dwgs	% dwgs, 2006	change in % dwgs	
no vehicles	136	4%	7%	3% less	155	4%	0.6% less	8%	1.1% less	
one vehicle	1,043	29%	34%	5% less	1,089	30%	1.6% less	35%	1.0% less	
two vehicles	1,364	38%	37%	1% more	1,354	38%	0.1% less	36%	0.8% more	
three vehicles	611	17%	12%	5% more	539	15%	1.8% more	12%	0.6% more	
four+ vehicles	319	9%	6%	3% more	306	9%	0.3% more	5%	0.6% more	
number not stated	138	4%	4%	0% more	133	4%	0.1% more	4%	0.1% more	
All occupied dwellings	3,611	100%	100%		3,576	100%	up 1.0%	2.7% more	same	
average vehicles / dwelling	2.03		1.77	0.25 more		1.70	up 0.33	1.57	up 0.20	

The average vehicles per dwelling is calculated assuming 4.5 vehicles average in dwellings with 4+ vehicle.

# **Community Capital**

The time that residents have lived in a community affects the extent to which they develop relationships and networks with other residents, and build social capital. The longer that more residents have lived in a place, the stronger their community networks are likely to be.

#### **Stability**

In 2011, 61% of Greater Hume's residents had lived in the same house for at least 5 years, compared with 55% in Eastern Riverina. This indicates that residential stability here was higher than Eastern Riverina.

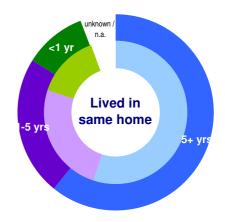
- 23% had been in their home for 1 to 5 years (25% for Eastern Riverina).
- 10% had been in their home for less than a year (14% for Eastern Riverina).

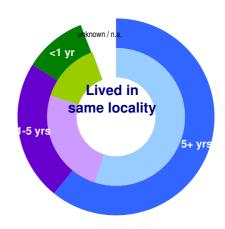
Another indicator of community stability is the proportion of residents who have stayed in the same locality for over five years, either in the same home or after moving. In the Census, the locality is regarded as Greater Hume Shire.

- 70% of Greater Hume's residents had lived in this locality for more than 5 years, which was 5% higher than the average across Eastern Riverina.
- 88% of current residents had lived here in the same locality for at least a year, compared with 85% across Eastern Riverina.

One in 10 residents had lived in their home for less than a year; one in every 17 had lived in this locality less than a year.

Over the five years 2006 to 2011, the proportion of residents who had lived over 5 years in the same house rose by 2%, suggesting a more stable community, ageing in place. The proportion who moved home within the last year fell by 1%.





The outer, darker ring is Gr Hume; the inner, lighter ring is REROC.

Residential stability	Greater Hume S people		% in REROC	Gr Hume's difference	Greater I males	Hume Shire females	2011 ratio	Gr Hume in 2006	change from 2006
same home 5+ years	5,963	61%	55%	6% more	62%	59%	1.04 M:F	58%	up 2%
same home 1-5 years	2,273	23%	25%	2% less	22%	24%	1.08 F:M	25%	dn 2%
same home <1 year	1,019	10%	14%	4% less	10%	11%	1.12 F:M	12%	dn 1%
not given	560	6%	6%	0% more	6%	5%	1.07 M:F	5%	up 1%
residents	9,815	100%	100%		100%	100%	1.02 M:F	100%	
same locality 5+ years	6,889	70%	65%	5% more	71%	69%	1.02 M:F	67%	up 3%
same locality 1-5 years	1,773	18%	20%	2% less	17%	19%	1.09 F:M	21%	dn 3%
same locality <1 year	593	6%	9%	3% less	6%	6%	1.04 F:M	8%	dn 2%
not given	560	6%	6%	0% more	6%	5%	1.07 M:F	5%	up 1%

#### **Net migration**

The net migration into and out of Greater Hume Shire over 2006 to 2011 can be estimated by 'aging' the 2006 population to see what the 2011 population would be if no one had moved. If the population counted in an age group in the 2011 Census is lower than expected from natural change alone, some people must have left the area. If the population is higher than expected, some people that age have moved into the area.

In 2011, Greater Hume's population was counted as 9,815, but the population expected after births and deaths was around 10,003, so Greater Hume Shire had a net migration of 186 outwards.

The largest groups leaving the area were:

- 321 people aged 20-24 yrs,
- 143 people aged 15-19 yrs,
- 48 people aged 70–74 yrs.

The largest groups arriving in the area were:

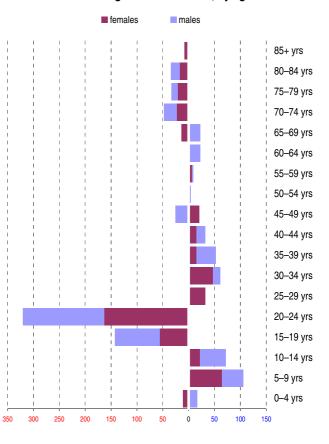
- 106 people aged 5-9 yrs,
- 72 people aged 10-14 yrs,
- 61 people aged 30-34 yrs.

The table below shows the 2006 population, the expected natural changes over 2006 to 2011, and the resultant 2011 'expected' population. The net migration is the difference between the expected population and that counted in the 2011 Census.

The births over 2006 to 2011, shown as 0 years old, are calculated by applying birth rates to the number of women in each age group from 15 to 44. All other age groups have deaths, calculated from their average mortality rates. The 2011 expected populations of each age are the population that was five years younger in 2006, less the expected deaths over the period.

Note: these numbers are approximate as they are calculated from Census counts (not estimated resident population) using national birth and death rates.

#### Net migration to Gr Hume, by age



residents leaving

residents arriving

Net migration to Gr	2006 popu	lation	natural change 2006-1		2011 expected popn		net migration		ion 2006 - 2011	
Hume, by age	males	females	males	females	males	females	males	females	persons	
0 yrs			309	309						
0–4 yrs	323	270	(2)	(1)	308	308	16	(11)	6	
5–9 yrs	339	347	()	()	323	270	41	64	106	
10-14 yrs	465	386	()	()	339	347	50	22	72	
15–19 yrs	347	343	()	()	465	386	(87)	(56)	(143)	
20-24 yrs	220	183	(1)	()	346	343	(157)	(164)	(321)	
25-29 yrs	172	169	(1)	()	219	183	(1)	32	31	
30-34 yrs	223	254	(1)	()	171	169	14	47	61	
35–39 yrs	274	324	(1)	(1)	222	253	37	16	53	
40-44 yrs	373	366	(2)	(1)	272	323	17	15	31	
45–49 yrs	377	379	(3)	(2)	370	364	(25)	21	(5)	
50-54 yrs	370	361	(4)	(3)	373	376	4	(1)	3	
55–59 yrs	396	345	(6)	(4)	364	357	2	7	9	
60-64 yrs	321	288	(10)	(5)	386	340	21	1	22	
65-69 yrs	261	216	(13)	(7)	308	281	23	(14)	8	
70-74 yrs	145	175	(16)	(8)	245	208	(25)	(23)	(48)	
75–79 yrs	160	169	(16)	(11)	129	164	(12)	(21)	(33)	
80-84 yrs	110	103	(30)	(19)	130	150	(17)	(17)	(34)	
85+ yrs	51	126	(74)	(104)	87	125	2	(8)	(6)	
Total	4,927	4,804	130	143	5,057	4,947	(97)	(90)	(186)	

The birth rate used here is based on the national birth rate inflated by 1.3 times, so net migration of 0-4 year-olds is minimised.

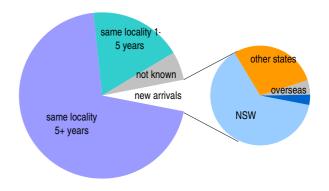
#### **New arrivals and visitors**

The residents who arrived in this locality in the previous year were mainly from NSW (376 people or 3.8% of Greater Hume's residents), with 170 from other states and 28 from overseas.

New residents from overseas could be immigrants or returning Australians. Overseas visitors who are not Australian residents are not included in this profile.

Compared with Eastern Riverina, Greater Hume Shire had 3.4% fewer of its population who were recent arrivals (within the last year), with the biggest difference being the lower proportion from NSW.

#### Period of residency in the locality



Over the last five years, the largest group of arrivals was from NSW, which provided 1,190 new residents (making 12% of the 2011 population). New residents from other states constituted another 5% of the population.

New residents to the	Greater Humo	Shire 2011			Greater I	lume Shire	2011		changed
locality	people	% residents	% in REROC	Gr Hume's difference	males	females	ratio	Gr Hume in 2006	share from 2006
Came last year from									
NSW	376	3.8%	6.7%	2.8% less	3.8%	3.8%	1.00 M:F	5.0%	dn 1.2%
other states	170	1.7%	2.2%	0.4% less	1.5%	2.0%	1.32 F:M	2.4%	dn 0.7%
overseas	28	0.3%	0.5%	0.2% less	0.3%	0.3%	1.02 F:M	0.1%	up 0.1%
unstated place	19	0.2%	0.2%	0.0% more	0.3%	0.1%	5.22 M:F	0.1%	up 0.1%
new residents last year	593	6.0%	9.5%	3.4% less	5.9%	6.2%	1.04 F:M	7.7%	dn 1.6%
Came in last 5 years, from									
NSW	1,190	12.1%	16.1%	4.0% less	11.7%	12.5%	1.07 F:M	15.5%	dn 3.4%
other states	538	5.5%	5.1%	0.4% more	4.9%	6.1%	1.23 F:M	6.6%	dn 1.1%
overseas	70	0.7%	1.6%	0.9% less	0.6%	0.8%	1.36 F:M	0.5%	up 0.2%
unstated place	26	0.3%	0.4%	0.1% less	0.3%	0.2%	1.57 M:F	0.4%	dn 0.1%
newish residents, last 5 years	1,824	18.6%	23.2%	4.6% less	17.6%	19.6%	1.11 F:M	22.9%	dn 4.4%

There were 374 Australian visitors to Greater Hume Shire on Census night, August 2011, of whom 35 (almost one in every ten) were visitors from within the same locality (eg staying with friends). Most of the other visitors came from New South Wales, 193 in all.

Visitors on Census	visitors in Gr	eater Hun	ne Shire	Greater Hum	e Shire 2011	% of visitor	s, all ages	aged all	Gr Hume's
night, 2011	2011	2006	change 2006–2011	visitors, all ages	% of visitors, all ages	% in REROC	Gr Hume's difference		change from 2006
visiting on Census night	374	335	up 39	374	3.8%	5.6%	1.8% less	3.4%	up 0.4%
Visitors from					% visitors	, any age		% visitors	
the local area	35	73	dn 38	35	9%	4%	5% more	21.8%	dn 12.4%
New South Wales	193	157	up 36	193	52%	65%	14% less	46.9%	up 4.7%
Victoria	90	66	up 24	90	24%	16%	8% more	19.7%	up 4.4%
Queensland	17	17	same	17	5%	6%	1% less	5.1%	dn 0.5%
Western Australia	13	7	up 6	13	3%	1%	2% more	2.1%	up 1.4%
South Australia	11	0	up 11	11	3%	2%	0% more	0.0%	up 2.9%
the ACT	6	6	same	6	2%	3%	1% less	1.8%	dn 0.2%
the Northern Territory	6	0	up 6	6	2%	0%	1% more	0.0%	up 1.6%
Tasmania	3	9	dn 6	3	1%	1%	0% less	2.7%	dn 1.9%
other Territories	0	0	same	0	0%	0%	same	0.0%	same
Total visitors	374	335	up 39	374	100%	100%		100%	

Note: The column 'number any age' can be altered to a specific age group. When this is not the case, the numbers are the same as in the 2011 column.

#### Voluntary work

The Census asked adults (aged 15+) whether, in the past year, they had spent any time doing voluntary work through an organisation or group. The volunteer rate is the percentage of people who said they did. While this is a narrow measure of benevelont behaviour, it allows comparisons between age groups, communities and over time.

In Greater Hume Shire, 2,533 residents (33%) said that they volunteeered in a community group in 2011, but 59% said that they did not; 8% did not answer.

The rate of volunteering was 8% higher than in Eastern Riverina, 25%.

Volunteering tends to be most common across middle-age, when parents are often involved in school activities, and only declines in old age as incapacity increases.

- Here, volunteering was most common among 45–54 year–olds, at 40%.
- As well, 39% of 35–44 year-olds and 34% of 55–64 year-olds volunteered.
- In numbers, the age groups contributing the most volunteers were 45–54 year–olds (594), 55–64 year–olds (501) and 35–44 year–olds (453).

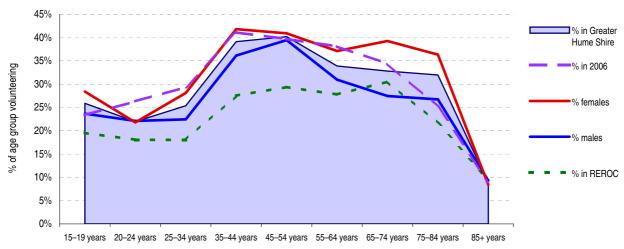
Volunteering is generally more common amongst women than men across most age groups. Among volunteers in Greater Hume Shire, there were 117 women for every 100 men.

- 35% of women and 30% of men were volunteers.
- Among 75–84 year–olds there were 1.63 females per male volunteer; among 25–34 years there were 1.33 females per male.
- Among volunteers aged 20–24 years, there were 1.08 males per female.

Over 2006 to 2011, the average volunteering rate in Greater Hume Shire was stable

The change varied from a rise of 7% among 75–84 year–olds to a fall of 4% among 20–24 year–olds.

#### Volunteering, by age and sex



Volunteering,	Greater Hume Shire 2011			Gr Hume's	Voluntee	rs in Gr Hum	ie, 2011	Gr Hume,	2006
by age	volunteers 9	6 age group	% in REROC	difference	% males	% females	gender ratio	% in 2006 <sub>ch</sub>	ange 06-11
15–19 years	183	26%	20%	6% more	24%	28%	1.1 F:M	23%	up 3%
20-24 years	81	22%	18%	4% more	22%	22%	1.1 M:F	26%	dn 4%
25-34 years	210	25%	18%	7% more	22%	28%	1.3 F:M	29%	dn 4%
35-44 years	453	39%	28%	12% more	36%	42%	1.3 F:M	41%	dn 2%
45-54 years	594	40%	29%	11% more	39%	41%	1.1 F:M	40%	up 0%
55-64 years	501	34%	28%	6% more	31%	37%	1.1 F:M	38%	dn 4%
65-74 years	330	33%	31%	2% more	27%	39%	1.2 F:M	34%	dn 2%
75–84 years	163	32%	22%	10% more	27%	36%	1.6 F:M	25%	up 7%
85+ years	18	9%	9%	1% less	9%	8%	1.3 F:M	9%	dn 0%
residents aged 15+	2,533	33%	25%	8% more	30%	35%	1.2 F:M	34%	dn 1%

#### **Need for disability assistance**

In the Census, people with a profound or severe disability are those who needed assistance with self-care, movement or communication because of long-term disability or health condition. The prevalence of severe disabilities increases significantly after the age of 75, so higher average rates of disability usually occur in places with higher proportions of older people.

In Greater Hume Shire, 5.5% of the population needed assistance because of disability; about one person in 18.

- This rate was 0.4% higher than the average in Eastern Riverina.
- The biggest influences were the higher rates among those aged 25 34 years and 55 64 years.

The proportion of people with a severe disability is generally under 3% of those under 40, then rises rapidly with increasing age, to about 50% of the oldest people.

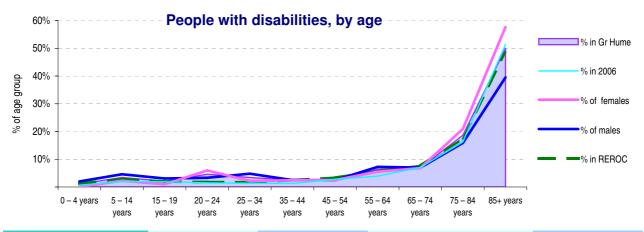
- In Greater Hume Shire, the disability rate reached 50% among those aged 85+ years.
- The next highest rate was among 75-84 year-olds at 19%.
- Compared with Eastern Riverina, disability rates here were higher among 20-24 year-olds (when 3% more reported a disability), but lower among 45-54 year-olds (though similar).

Males tend to have higher disability rates from birth than females, and this trend continues through adulthood due to their having more disabling accidents. With ageing, women's disability rates tend to rise faster, until they can exceed male rates.

- Overall, 5.5% of males and 5.5% of females reported a severe or profound disability requiring assistance; the overall female disability rate was very similar to that of males.
- In Greater Hume Shire, there were 2.0 women per man among 85+ year-olds with a disability. There were 1.7 women per man among 20-24 year-olds.
- Conversely, there were 3.7 males per female among 15-19 year-olds with a disability.

Between 2006 and 2011, the overall disability rate in Greater Hume Shire rose by 1.3% from 4.2%.

• The biggest contributors to this (taking account the sizes of age groups) were rises in the rates among 55-64 year-olds (up 2.5% from 3.9%), and 5-14 year-olds (up 1.5% from 2.0%).



People with disabilities,	Gr Hume in	Gr Hume in 2011		Gr Hume's Greater Hume Shire, 2011		, 2011	Gr Hume, 2006		
by age	number % a	ige group	% in REROC	difference	% of males	% of females	gender ratio	% in 2006 <sub>ct</sub>	nange 06-11
0 – 4 years	6	1.0%	1.2%	0.2% less	2.0%	0.0%	M	0.7%	up 0.4%
5 – 14 years	48	3.5%	2.9%	0.6% more	4.6%	2.2%	2.2 M:F	2.0%	up 1.5%
15 – 19 years	14	2.1%	2.0%	0.1% more	3.1%	0.9%	3.7 M:F	1.9%	up 0.2%
20 – 24 years	16	4.6%	1.8%	2.8% more	3.3%	6.0%	1.7 F:M	1.5%	up 3.1%
25 – 34 years	27	3.4%	1.7%	1.7% more	4.8%	2.2%	2.0 M:F	1.4%	up 2.1%
35 – 44 years	27	2.5%	2.5%	0.0% less	2.5%	2.4%	1.1 F:M	1.3%	up 1.2%
45 – 54 years	35	2.5%	3.3%	0.9% less	2.4%	2.5%	1.1 F:M	2.8%	dn 0.3%
55 – 64 years	90	6.4%	5.7%	0.7% more	7.3%	5.5%	1.4 M:F	3.9%	up 2.5%
65 – 74 years	65	6.9%	7.6%	0.7% less	7.0%	6.8%	1.2 M:F	7.0%	dn 0.1%
75 – 84 years	89	19%	18%	1.1% more	16%	21%	1.6 F:M	16%	up 2.4%
85+ years	96	50%	48%	1.6% more	40%	58%	2.0 F:M	51%	dn 1.4%
residents	513	5.5%	5.1%	0.4% more	5.5%	5.5%	1.0 M:F	4.2%	up 1.3%

The total used for the percentages does not include those who did not state whether they needed assistance. The gender ratio is the ratio of the male and female numbers. Changes over 2006 to 2011 are shown as '-' if there were no people with a disability in either year.

#### Disability care given

Many people in the community need assistance with core tasks of daily living, and this can require significant contributions from a number of people. The Census asked people aged 15 or more whether they provided unpaid care to people with profound or severe disabilities, within the previous fortnight, and found that on average about one person in every eight had provided disability care.

In Greater Hume Shire, 14% of residents aged 15+ gave unpaid care to another needing assistance, with 971 carers in all. This rate was very similar to Eastern Riverina.

• There were 2.5 carers per person with severe disabilities in Greater Hume Shire; the ratio in Eastern Riverina was 2.5 carers per person.

Generally, more women than men are carers. In Greater Hume Shire, 17% of women were unpaid carers and 11% of men were. There were 1.6 women per man among carers.

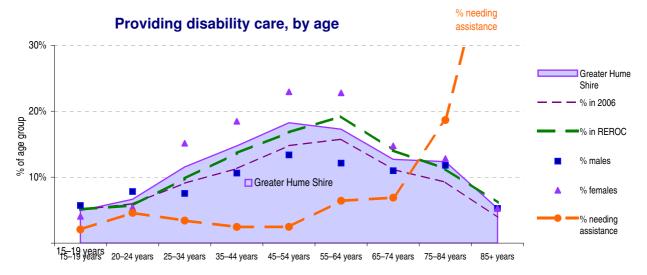
- Among carers 25–34 years old, there were 2.3 women per man.
- Among 35-44 year-olds, there were 1.9 women per man.
- Men were more common among carers aged 15–19 years with 1.6 males per female.

Caring is provided by people across all ages. However, as with other forms of domestic labour, the contribution tends to be highest from women in their middle years, when caring for both ageing parent and younger people with a disability can occur.

- In Greater Hume Shire, giving care was highest amongst 45–54 year–olds, of whom 18% were carers (13% of men and 23% of women).
- Among younger people, 12% of 25–34 year–olds and 7% of 20–24 year–olds were carers.

Between 2006 and 2011, the proportion of adults in Greater Hume Shire who gave unpaid care rose by 2% from 11%.

- The proportion of 45–54 year–olds giving care rose by 3%.
- The proportion of 35–44 year–olds giving care rose by 3%.



Adults providing	Greater Hume	Shire 2011		Gr Hume's	Greate	Hume Shire	2011	Gr Hume	, 2006
disability care	number	% age group	% in REROC	difference	% males	% females	gender ratio	% in 2006	diff. 06-11
15–19 years	31	5%	5%	0% less	6%	4%	1.6 M:F	5%	dn 0%
20-24 years	23	7%	6%	1% more	8%	5%	1.6 M:F	6%	up 1%
25-34 years	91	12%	10%	2% more	8%	15%	2.3 F:M	9%	up 2%
35-44 years	161	15%	14%	1% more	11%	18%	1.9 F:M	11%	up 3%
45-54 years	256	18%	17%	1% more	13%	23%	1.8 F:M	15%	up 3%
55-64 years	234	17%	19%	2% less	12%	23%	1.8 F:M	16%	up 2%
65-74 years	113	13%	14%	1% less	11%	15%	1.1 F:M	11%	up 2%
75-84 years	53	12%	11%	1% more	12%	13%	1.3 F:M	9%	up 3%
85+ years	9	5%	6%	1% less	5%	5%	1.3 F:M	4%	up 1%
residents aged 15+	971	14%	13%	1% more	11%	17%	1.6 F:M	11%	up 2%

The total used for the percentages does not include those who did not state whether they gave assistance. The gender ratio is the ratio of the male and female numbers. Changes over 2006 to 2011 are shown as '-' if there were no people caring in 2006.

### **Education**

#### School attendance

The 2011 Census counted 1,914 school students in Greater Hume Shire – 192 at preschool, 921 in primary/infants school, and 801 in high school.

School attendance rates are indicated by dividing the student population by their main age group. In Greater Hume Shire:

- 76% of the number aged 3–4 years attended pre-school,
- 95% of the number aged 5-11 were at primary school\*, and
- 84% of the number aged 12-17 were at high school.

Compared with Eastern Riverina, the attendance ratio for pre-school-aged was 4% higher, for primary-aged children was 3% higher, and for high-school-aged was also 3% higher.

Over 2006–2011, the number in school fell by 2% from 1,945.

- the number at pre-school increased by 6%;
- the number in primary school decreased by 6%;
- the number of high-school students increased by 2%.



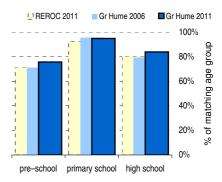
- Between 2006 and 2011, the number attending Catholic primary schools rose by 3% from 135.
- The number in private primary schools fell by 6% from 180.
- The number in public primary schools fell by 8% from 663.

In 2011, 63% of secondary students were in public schools; 13% were at Catholic schools, and 24% were at other private schools.

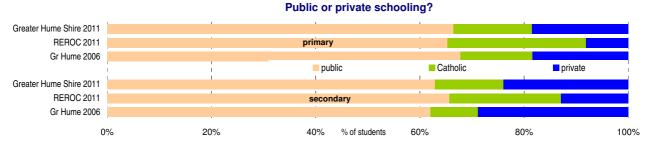
- Since 2006, the number at Catholic high schools had risen by 48% from 71.
- The number attending public high-schools had risen by 3% from 488.
- The number at private high-schools had fallen by 15% from 227.

Across all school students in Greater Hume Shire, there were 104 males per 100 females.

• This ranged from 1.09 males per female in primary school to 1.03 females per male in high school.



School attendance



	Greater Hume	Shire 2011			Greater	Hume Shire	2011	Gr Hum	e 2006
Children attending education	students	% school- age pop'n	REROC 2011	Gr Hume's difference	males	females	ratio	% school- age pop'n	change in number 2006–2011
pre-school	192	76%	71%	4% more	100	92	1.09 M:F	71%	up 6%
primary school	921	95%	92%	3% more	481	440	1.09 M:F	96%	dn 6%
high school	801	84%	80%	3% more	394	407	1.03 F:M	79%	up 2%
Students	1,914				975	939	1.04 M:F	1,945	dn 2%
Primary		% students						% students	
public	612	66%	65%	1% more	309	303	1.02 M:F	68%	dn 8%
Catholic	139	15%	27%	11% less	75	64	1.17 M:F	14%	up 3%
private	170	18%	8%	10% more	97	73	1.33 M:F	18%	dn 6%
Secondary		% students						% students	
public	504	63%	66%	3% less	260	244	1.07 M:F	62%	up 3%
Catholic	105	13%	21%	8% less	49	56	1.14 F:M	9%	up 48%
private	192	24%	13%	11% more	85	107	1.26 F:M	29%	dn 15%

<sup>\*</sup> The attendance rate at primary school should theoretically be 100% because primary school is compulsory, but here student numbers are divided by the number of 5 to 11 year olds. Since some students could be younger than 5 and others older than11 when the Census was taken, the ratio can vary from 100%.

**Tertiary attendance** 

☐ Gr Hume 2011

other tertiary

Gr Hume 2006

University

REROC 2011

TAFE

#### **Tertiary studies**

The proportion of a community's residents in tertiary education is partly a reflection of the age structure - areas with more young adults usually have more residents in tertiary education. Because the Census counts permanent residents, areas without tertiary institutions can still have tertiary students, who either relocate temporarily to study or use remote education.

Greater Hume Shire residents included 459 tertiary students in 2011, of whom 244 were at TAFE, 167 at university, and 48 at other tertiary colleges.

These students constituted 5.9% of the adult population (aged 15+), which was 2.3% lower than Eastern Riverina.

• 1.8% fewer of the adults were at University, compared with Eastern Riverina.

From 2006 to 2011, the number of residents enrolled in tertiary courses increased by 11% from 412.

- the number at University rose by 45%
- the number at TAFE fell by 5%

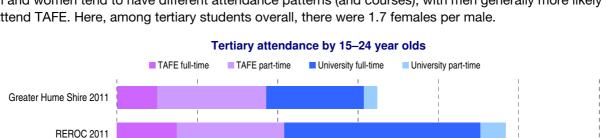
There were 174 students aged 15 to 24 in Greater Hume Shire attending TAFE or University in 2011, representing 16% of the population that age.

- 9% were at TAFE and 7% were at university.
- This compares with 10% at TAFE and 14% at university for Eastern Riverina.
- The number at TAFE or Uni had risen by 5% since 2006.
- 27% of TAFE students and 88% of Uni students were full-time.

There were 234 mature-age students (25+ years) in Greater Hume Shire attending TAFE or University in 2011, representing 4% of the population aged 25-74 years.

- 2% were at TAFE and 2% were at university (3% at TAFE and 2% at university in Eastern Riverina).
- The number of mature-age TAFE or Uni students had risen by 15% since 2006.
- 6% of these TAFE students and 27% of these Uni students were full-time.

Men and women tend to have different attendance patterns (and courses), with men generally more likely to attend TAFE. Here, among tertiary students overall, there were 1.7 females per male.



% of 15–24 year olds 0°	<b>%</b>	5%	10%		15%	20%		25%	30%
Tertiary education	Greater Hume S	Shire 2011		Gr Hume's	Greater Hume	Shire stud	ents, 2011	% adults, Gr	number change
	students	% adults	% in REROC	difference	males	females	ratio	Hume 2006	2006-2011
TAFE	244	3.2%	3.7%	0.5% less	110	134	1.2 F:M	3.4%	dn 5%
University	167	2.2%	4.0%	1.8% less	43	124	2.9 F:M	1.5%	up 45%
other tertiary	48	0.6%	0.6%	0.0% more	15	33	2.2 F:M	0.5%	up 17%
tertiary students	459	5.9%	8.3%	2.3% less	168	291	1.7 F:M	5.4%	up 11%
15-24 year olds	%	15–24 yrs							
TAFE full-time	27	2.5%	3.7%	1.2% less	15	12	1.3 M:F	1.9%	up 29%
TAFE part-time	73	6.8%	6.7%	0.1% more	43	30	1.4 M:F	8.7%	dn 23%
University full-time	65	6.0%	12.2%	6.2% less	15	50	3.3 F:M	3.6%	up 67%
University part-time	9	0.8%	1.6%	0.7% less	0	9	F	0.9%	dn 10%
all 15-24 students	174	16.2%	24.2%	8.0% less	73	101	1.4 F:M	15.1%	up 5%
25+ year olds	%	25–74 yrs							-
TAFE full-time	9	0.2%	0.5%	0.3% less	0	9	F	0.2%	dn 18%
TAFE part-time	135	2.3%	2.2%	0.1% more	52	83	1.6 F:M	2.2%	up 7%
University full-time	24	0.4%	0.7%	0.3% less	3	21	7.0 F:M	0.2%	up 140%
University part-time	66	1.1%	1.5%	0.4% less	25	41	1.6 F:M	1.0%	up 18%
all 25+ students	234	3.9%	4.8%	0.9% less	80	154	1.9 F:M	3.5%	up 15%

Note: Change over 2006-2011 is the change in the number of students, as a percent of 2006.

#### Years of schooling

A good indicator of a community's education is the average years of school completed, though this is affected by the age structure. Older people tend to have less schooling so a community with more elderly people will tend to have a lower average schooling.

#### The average schooling in Greater Hume Shire in 2011 was 10 years 4 months.

- Average schooling in Eastern Riverina was 10 years 5 months.
- Since 2006, average schooling in Greater Hume Shire had risen by 2 months.
- Average schooling in Eastern Riverina rose by 2 months over this period.

The average years schooling generally falls with age. In Greater Hume Shire, it falls from

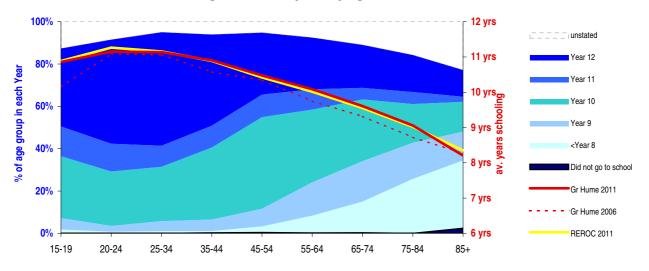
- 11 years 2 months among those in their early twenties, to
- 10 years 6 months among residents of middle-age, then to
- 9 years 1 month among residents aged 75-84.

A useful indicator of a community's eduction is the proportion of people who have finished Year 12 of school. In Greater Hume Shire, 2,336 residents had finished Year 12, equivalent to 32% of the adult population (aged 15+).

- 49% of recent school-leavers (aged 20 to 24) had completed Year 12 in Greater Hume Shire.
- The proportion who finished Year 12 falls with age to 17% of residents aged 75-84.
- The number of residents who had completed Year 12 increased by 234 or 11% between 2006 and 2011.

The chart shows the highest year of school completed by residents of different ages. The shaded bands show the proportion of each age group who completed that year, and the lines show the average years schooling completed.

#### Highest school year, by age



Highest school year, by	9/	of age gro	up whose hig		averag	e years scho	oling		
age	Year 12	Year 11	Year 10	Year 9	D <year 8<="" th=""><th>id not go to school</th><th>Gr Hume 2011</th><th>REROC 2011</th><th>Gr Hume 2006</th></year>	id not go to school	Gr Hume 2011	REROC 2011	Gr Hume 2006
15-19	37%	14%	29%	5%	2%	0%	10.9 yrs	10.9 yrs	10.2 yrs
20-24	49%	13%	26%	3%	1%	0%	11.2 yrs	11.3 yrs	11.1 yrs
25-34	54%	10%	26%	5%	1%	0%	11.1 yrs	11.2 yrs	11.1 yrs
35-44	43%	10%	34%	5%	1%	0%	10.9 yrs	10.9 yrs	10.6 yrs
45-54	29%	11%	43%	8%	3%	0%	10.5 yrs	10.4 yrs	10.3 yrs
55-64	24%	10%	34%	16%	8%	0%	10.1 yrs	10.0 yrs	9.7 yrs
65-74	20%	5%	29%	19%	15%	0%	9.6 yrs	9.6 yrs	9.3 yrs
75-84	17%	6%	18%	17%	26%	0%	9.1 yrs	9.0 yrs	8.7 yrs
85+	13%	2%	14%	14%	32%	2%	8.2 yrs	8.4 yrs	8.3 yrs
all aged 15+	32%	9%	32%	11%	7%	0%	10.3 yrs	10.4 yrs	10.1 yrs
number of residents	2,336	677	2,342	790	536	20			

The average schooling is estimated by multiplying the proportions who finished each year by the number of years, taking the average for <Year 8 as Year 6, excluding non-stated.

#### Level of education attained

Education is a strong determinant of income and social status. A good indicator of a community's education level is the proportion of adults (aged 15+) with post-school qualifications.

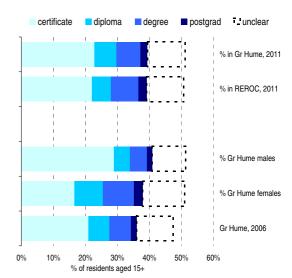
In Greater Hume Shire, 51% of adults had a post-school qualification in 2011, which was similar to REROC's 51%.

Most commonly, the highest qualification held by Greater Hume Shire residents was a certificate (held by 23% of residents), then a bachelor degree (8%), a diploma or advanced diploma (7%), and least commonly, a postgraduate degree/diploma (2%).

In Greater Hume Shire, there were males and females equally among those with qualifications. However, there were more men with a certificate, and more women with diploma or advanced diploma.

In 2006, 47% had a tertiary qualification, with the most noticeable changes since then being a 26% rise in the number with a postgrad and a rise of 12% in the number with a degree.

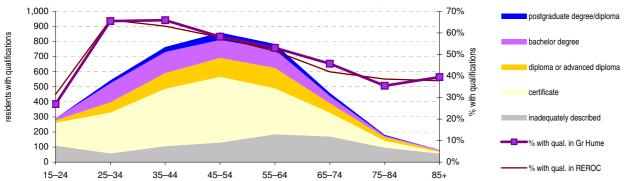
#### Highest tertiary qualification



Highest tertiary	Greater Hume S	hire 2011	% in		Greater I	Hume Shire	Gr Hume change from 2006		
qualifications	people aged 15+	Hume, 2011	REROC, 2011	Gr Hume's difference	% Gr Hume % males	Gr Hume females	ratio	Gr Hume, 2006	change in %
postgraduate degree/diploma	166	2%	3%	0% less	2%	3%	1.7 F:M	132	up 26%
bachelor degree	582	8%	8%	1% less	5%	10%	1.8 F:M	518	up 12%
diploma or advanced diploma	543	7%	6%	1% more	5%	9%	1.8 F:M	504	up 8%
certificate	1,759	23%	22%	1% more	29%	16%	1.8 M:F	1,587	up 11%
inadequately described	912	12%	12%	0% more	10%	13%	1.3 F:M	865	up 5%
none or not stated	3,778	49%	49%	1% less	49%	49%	1.0 F:M	3,995	dn 5%
total qualified	7,740	100%	100%		3,883	3,857	1.0 M:F	7,601	

Across the age groups, the proportion with a post-school qualification was highest amongst 35–44 at 66% (vs. 63% in Eastern Riverina), then amongst 25–34 (66% vs. 66%), and 45–54 (58% vs. 58%).

#### Proportion of Greater Hume Shire residents with post-school qualification, by age



Highest qualific'ns of		No. of Greater Hume Shire residents, 2011, by age group								
residents, by age	15–24	25-34	35-44	45–54	55-64	65–74	75–84	85+	15+	
postgraduate degree/diploma	0	20	33	49	38	20	6	0	166	
bachelor degree	13	126	140	119	121	49	8	6	582	
diploma or advanced diploma	15	68	104	126	136	62	25	7	543	
certificate	152	271	381	436	304	158	46	11	1,759	
inadequately described	110	58	106	130	185	170	96	57	912	
total qualified	290	543	764	860	784	459	181	81	3,962	
residents this age	1,075	829	1,159	1,476	1,477	1,004	510	205	7,735	
% with qual. in Gr Hume	27%	66%	66%	58%	53%	46%	35%	40%	51%	
% with qual. in REROC	31%	66%	63%	58%	52%	42%	39%	38%	51%	
Gr Hume diff. from REROC	4% less	1% less	3% more	0% more	2% more	4% more	3% less	2% more	1% more	

# The Local Economy

#### Individual incomes

In mid-2011, the average income from all sources of the adults (aged 15+) in Greater Hume Shire was around \$645 a week. The average income for women was \$533, which was 70% of the average for men, \$757.

- The average weekly income was \$39 or 6% lower than the \$684 average for Eastern Riverina.
- The median income (or mid-point) was \$479 a week compared with \$517 for Eastern Riverina, 7% lower.

Since 2006, average weekly earnings rose 24% across Australia. The average income in Greater Hume Shire rose by about the same (up by 25%), suggesting that most incomes were wages and pensions.

- Male average incomes went from \$628 in 2006 to \$757 in 2011, up by 20%.
- Women's incomes went from \$427 in 2006 to \$533 in 2011, up by 25%.
- The median income went from \$410 in 2006 to \$479 in 2011, up by 17% (25% in Eastern Riverina).

Incomes can be aggregated into four broad bands. Low income is less than \$300 a week (roughly the single pension); middle income goes up to near average earnings (to \$800 pw); upper income is up to \$1,500. The top income band is \$1,500+ a week.

Greater Hume Shire had 1% more in the low income band than Eastern Riverina, and 1% fewer in the top income band. In Greater Hume Shire:

28% of adults had low incomes

People with incomes under \$300 are mainly dependent spouses, people on pensions or benefits, or part-time workers. 33% of women and 22% of men were on low incomes.

38% of adults had middle incomes

People on middle incomes (up to average weekly earnings) tend to be full-time workers in less skilled jobs, or independent workers. 41% of women and 35% of men were on middle incomes.

middle incomes 19% of adults got

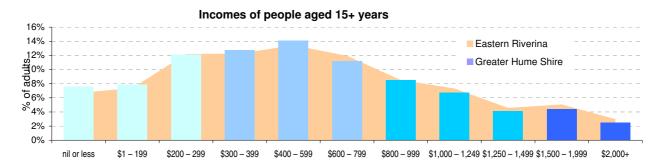
upper incomes

People on upper incomes (above AWE) tend to be professional or managerial workers or successful self-employed. 13% of women and 26% of men were on upper incomes.

7% of adults were in the top income band

People on top incomes (over twice AWE) tend to be senior professional or managerial workers or business owners. 5% of women and 9% of men were on top incomes.

The total value of personal incomes in Greater Hume Shire in 2011 was about \$3.1 billion.



Incomes of people aged	Greater Hume S	Shire 2011		Greater Hume's	Greater	Hume Shire	2011	% in Gr Hur	ne in 2006
15+ years	number	Hume	% in REROC	difference	males	females	M:F ratio	ranges	Hume
nil or less	590	8%	7%	1% more	265	325	1.2 F:M	nil / neg've	8%
\$1 – 199	608	8%	7%	0% more	210	398	1.9 F:M	\$1-149	7%
\$200 – 299	940	12%	12%	0% less	386	554	1.4 F:M	\$150-249	16%
\$300 – 399	989	13%	12%	1% more	432	557	1.3 F:M	\$250-399	15%
\$400 – 599	1,093	14%	13%	1% more	474	619	1.3 F:M	\$400-599	16%
\$600 – 799	867	11%	12%	1% less	457	410	1.1 M:F	\$600-799	12%
\$800 – 999	658	9%	9%	0% less	418	240	1.7 M:F	\$800-999	7%
\$1,000 – 1,249	524	7%	7%	1% less	352	172	2.0 M:F	\$1,000-1,299	6%
\$1,250 – 1,499	322	4%	5%	0% less	226	96	2.4 M:F	\$1,300-1,599	3%
\$1,500 – 1,999	339	4%	5%	1% less	211	128	1.6 M:F	\$1,600-1,999	1%
\$2,000+	195	3%	3%	0% less	142	53	2.7 M:F	\$2,000 or mo	1%
not stated	614	8%	8%	0% more	306	308	1.0 F:M	not stated	7%
total	7,739	100%	100%		3,879	3,860	1.0 M:F		100%
av wk income, people aged 15+ years		\$645	\$684	6% less	\$757	\$533	1.4 M:F		\$527
median income (aged 15+)		\$479	\$517	7% less					\$410

From 2006 to 2011, the average Australian adult total earnings increased from \$673 to \$837, by 24%. Men's rose 25% from \$801 to \$1003; women's rose 22% from \$535 to \$654.

#### **Family incomes**

The incomes of different types of families gives some indication of their earning capacities, but not necessarily their need, which is affected by their differing sizes. Families with children often have the highest income, but also the most people on average to support. Single parent families generally have the lowest income because they have fewer earners, but have at least as many members as child-free couples, who usually have higher incomes.

The average weekly family income in Greater Hume Shire in mid-2011 was around \$1,403.

- This was 19% or \$56 a week lower than the \$1,459 average for Eastern Riverina.
- The family income was equivalent to 2.2 individual incomes (2.1 in Eastern Riverina).
- Average incomes ranged from \$1,760 for couples with children and \$1,237 for couples no children down to \$838 for one-parent families.

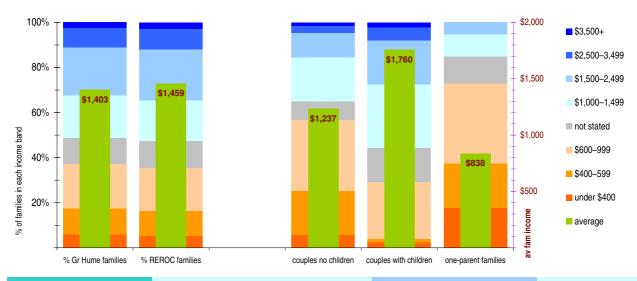
While the average family income was \$1,403, the median income for all families (where half earn more and half less) was \$1,181. The average is higher than the median because some families have very high incomes, which pulls the average up.

- In Greater Hume Shire, the average is 19% above the median.
- In Eastern Riverina, the median family income was \$1,240 a week; the average was 18% higher.

Between 2006 and 2011, the average family income in Greater Hume Shire rose by \$266 or 23%, from \$1,136 a week in 2006.

- In Eastern Riverina, average family income rose by \$276 or 23%, from \$1,183 a week.
- The median family income in Greater Hume Shire rose by 14%; in Eastern Riverina by 18%.
- The average income in Greater Hume Shire rose by 10% more than the median, suggesting there were more higher-income families.

#### Family weekly incomes



	far	nilies in each	income rang	е	% of family types in each income range Gr Hu				Hume families, 2006	
Family weekly incomes	number in Gr Hume	% Gr Hume families	% REROC families	Gr Hume's difference		couples with children	one-parent families	income ranges 2006	% Gr Hume families	
under \$400	156	6%	5%	0.7% more	6%	2%	18%	under \$350	6%	
\$400–599	309	12%	11%	0.6% more	19%	2%	20%	\$350-649	9%	
\$600–999	520	20%	19%	0.5% more	32%	25%	36%	\$650-999	26%	
\$1,000-1,499	499	19%	18%	0.9% more	19%	28%	10%	\$1,000-1,399	23%	
\$1,500-2,499	567	21%	23%	1.3% less	11%	20%	5%	\$1,400-1,999	13%	
\$2,500-3,499	225	8%	9%	0.5% less	3%	6%	0%	\$2,000-2,999	8%	
\$3,500+	66	2%	3%	0.4% less	2%	2%	0%	\$3,000+	2%	
not stated	307	12%	12%	0.4% less	8%	15%	12%	not stated	13%	
Total	2,649	100%	100%		100%	100%	100%		100%	
average family income		\$1,403	\$1,459	19% less	\$1,237	\$1,760	\$838		\$1,136	
av. income in REROC					\$1,310	\$1,864	\$878			
median family income		\$1,181	\$1,240						\$1,038	

The average weekly income is calculated by multiplying the mid-point of each income range (using \$4,000 for the top range in 2011, \$3,500 in 2006) by the number in that range, and dividing by the total in all stated ranges. The ranges shown in the table are summarised from a larger number. The larger income bands are highlighted by bolding.

#### **Labour force**

There were 4,751 residents of Greater Hume Shire in the workforce in 2011. They constituted 61% of the adult population aged 15+ (the workforce participation rate).

- About 59% of the adults were employed and 2% were unemployed, giving an unemployment rate of 4.1% of the workforce.
- Compared with Eastern Riverina, Greater Hume's workforce participation rate in 2011 was 4% lower and its unemployment rate was 1% lower.
- Since 2006, the participation rate had fallen by 1% and the unemployment rate had changed little.

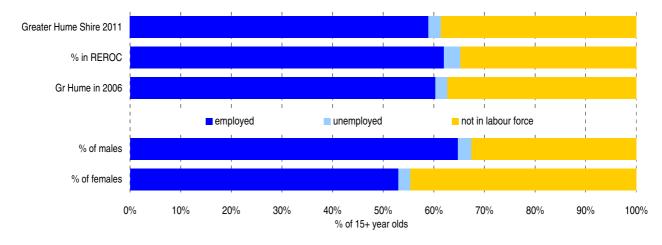
Women tend to have lower workforce participation rates on average, with greater time spent in child raising, housework and caring. In Greater Hume Shire, women's workforce participation was at 55% compared with 67% for men.

 Women also tend to have lower attachment to the workforce, and to withdraw (by not seeking work) when unemployed. This can cause their measured unemployment rate to be lower. Here, however, women's unemployment rate in 2011 was 4% when men's was also 4%.

Women's domestic responsibilities also make them more inclined towards working part-time. In Greater Hume Shire, 47% of female workers were part-timers when 14% of the men were.

- Similarly, among the unemployed workforce, 58% of women wanted part-time work while 26% of men did.
- The overall proportion of unemployed residents wanting part-time work was 1% higher than in Eastern Riverina and 12% higher than in 2006.

#### Labour force status, adults 15+



	Greater Hume Shire 2011				Greater Hume Shire 2011				Gr Hume's
Employment status		0/ -f - 4-		Gr Hume's	0/ - f l	% of	ratio of	Gr Hume in	change from
	number	% of adults	% in REROC	difference	% of males	females	percents	2006	2006
employed	4,558	58.9%	62.0%	3.1% less	64.8%	53.0%	1.22 M:F	60.4%	dn 1.4%
unemployed	193	2.5%	3.2%	0.7% less	2.6%	2.4%	1.11 M:F	2.3%	up 0.2%
labour force (participation rate)	4,751	61.4%	65.2%	3.8% less	67.4%	55.4%	1.22 M:F	62.7%	dn 1.3%
not in labour force	2,986	38.6%	34.8%	3.8% more	32.6%	44.6%	1.37 F:M	37.3%	up 1.3%
residents aged 15+	7,737	100.0%	100.0%		100.0%	100.0%	1.01 M:F	100.0%	
unemployment rate (% labour force)		4.1%	5.0%	0.9% less	3.9%	4.3%	1.09 F:M	3.7%	up 0.3%
full-time workers	2,844	62.4%	64.9%	2.5% less	78.6%	46.6%	1.69 M:F	69%	dn 6.3%
part-time workers	1,420	31.2%	29.0%	2.2% more	13.8%	47.5%	3.44 F:M	25%	up 6.6%
unemployed want full-time work	113	58.5%	59.6%	1.0% less	73.5%	41.8%	1.76 M:F	71%	dn 12.2%
unemployed want part-time	80	41.5%	40.4%	1.0% more	26.5%	58.2%	2.20 F:M	29%	up 12.2%

#### **Employment by age**

The table below shows the labour force status of Greater Hume Shire residents by age, and calculates a number of employment indicators, shown in the chart below.

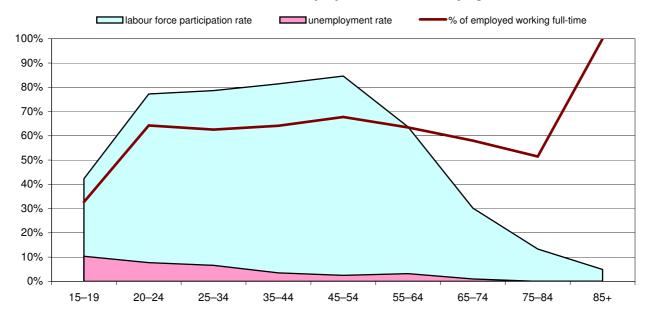
The first indicator is the unemployment rate, which averaged 4% over all residents in Greater Hume Shire in the labour force. Unemployment was highest among those aged 15–19 at 10%, and was 8% among those aged 20–24, and 7% among 25–34 year-olds.

The second indicator is the labour force participation rate, which averaged 61% over all residents in Greater Hume Shire. Labour force participation rose as education finished, from 10% of 15 to 19 year-olds, to 85% of 45–54 year-olds, before falling with old age to 5% of the 85+ year-olds.

Another employment indicator is the proportion of full-time workers, which averaged 62% over all residents. This proportion also rise as education finishes, here from 33% of 15 to 19 year-old workers, to 100% of 85+ year-old workers, before falling with old age to 51% of the 75–84 year-old workers.

Overall, 59% of unemployed residents wanted full-time work. This proportion was highest among those aged 20–24 (82%) and 45–54 (77%).

#### Greater Hume Shire Employment Indicators, by age



<b>Employment status by</b>		No. of Greater Hume Shire residents, 2011, by age group								
age	15–19	20–24	25-34	35–44	45–54	55–64	65–74	75–84	85+	
employed	269	263	609	909	1,219	911	300	68	10	
unemployed	31	22	43	33	31	30	3	0	0	
labour force	300	285	652	942	1,250	941	303	68	10	
not in labour force	377	63	143	157	176	453	629	401	174	
not stated	32	21	34	58	51	84	72	41	20	
residents aged 15+	709	369	829	1,157	1,477	1,478	1,004	510	204	
unemployment rate	10%	8%	7%	4%	2%	3%	1%	0%	0%	
labour force participation rate	42%	77%	79%	81%	85%	64%	30%	13%	5%	
% of employed working full-time	33%	64%	63%	64%	68%	63%	58%	51%	100%	
% unemployed want full-time	32%	82%	56%	67%	77%	50%	0%	-	-	
REROC unemployment rate	14%	8%	5%	4%	3%	2%	2%	2%	0%	
REROC participation rate	58%	75%	81%	83%	84%	66%	21%	5%	2%	
2006 unemployment rate	10%	7%	5%	3%	3%	3%	0%	0%	0%	
2006 participation rate	44%	80%	78%	84%	81%	64%	30%	12%	2%	

#### **Industries of employment**

The five industries that were largest employers of Greater Hume Shire residents in 2011 were:

- rural industries, with 22% of workers
- health & social care, 10%
- manufacturing, 9%
- retail trade, 9%
- construction, 8%.

Other significant employers for residents were:

- education & training, 7% of the workers;
- public administration, 7%;
- transport & storage, 6%;
- food & accommodation, 5%.

Industries that employed greater proportions of local residents in Eastern Riverina included:

- rural industries (18% more)
- manufacturing (2% more)
- transport & storage (1% more).

Industries that employed proportionally more local women included:

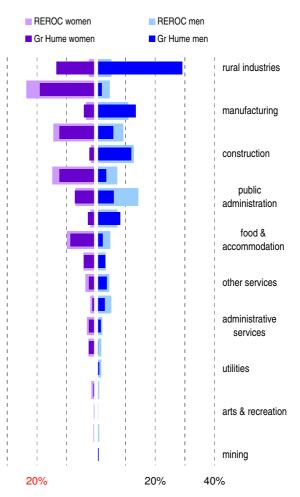
- health & social care (7.9 women per man)
- food & accommodation (3.1 women per man)
- education & training (2.9 women per man).

Men were predominant in

- construction (6.6 men per woman)
- manufacturing (4.0 men per woman)
- transport & storage (3.6 men per woman).

Since 2006, the fastest-growing employers were the construction, public administration, and health & social care industries, whose share of local workers rose by 1.6%, 1.0% and 0.6%, respectively.

#### **Industries**



% of workers

	Greater Hume				Greater	Hume Shire			Gr Hume's
Industry of employers	,	% of		Gr Hume's		, ,	ratio of	Gr Hume in	change from
	number	workers	% in REROC	difference	males	females	workers	2006	2006
rural industries	1,005	22.1%	3.9%	18.2% more	29.1%	13.4%	2.7 M:F	25.6%	dn 3.5%
health & social care	438	9.6%	13.5%	3.9% less	1.9%	19.0%	7.9 F:M	9.0%	up 0.6%
manufacturing	419	9.2%	7.4%	1.8% more	13.4%	4.1%	4.0 M:F	9.9%	dn 0.8%
retail trade	400	8.8%	11.7%	2.9% less	5.8%	12.4%	1.7 F:M	9.0%	dn 0.2%
construction	342	7.5%	7.6%	0.1% less	11.8%	2.2%	6.6 M:F	5.9%	up 1.6%
education & training	338	7.4%	10.8%	3.4% less	3.4%	12.3%	2.9 F:M	7.0%	up 0.4%
public administration	297	6.5%	10.9%	4.4% less	6.0%	7.1%	1.0 M:F	5.6%	up 1.0%
transport & storage	262	5.7%	4.7%	1.1% more	8.2%	2.8%	3.6 M:F	5.5%	up 0.3%
food & accommodation	232	5.1%	7.3%	2.2% less	2.2%	8.6%	3.1 F:M	4.8%	up 0.3%
professional services	164	3.6%	3.7%	0.1% less	3.1%	4.2%	1.1 F:M	3.1%	up 0.5%
other services	141	3.1%	4.0%	0.9% less	3.6%	2.5%	1.8 M:F	3.6%	dn 0.5%
wholesale trade	102	2.2%	3.7%	1.4% less	3.0%	1.3%	2.8 M:F	2.7%	dn 0.4%
administrative services	91	2.0%	2.6%	0.6% less	1.7%	2.4%	1.2 F:M	1.9%	up 0.1%
financial & insurance	68	1.5%	2.1%	0.6% less	0.7%	2.4%	2.8 F:M	1.3%	up 0.2%
utilities	36	0.8%	1.1%	0.3% less	1.1%	0.4%	3.0 M:F	0.7%	up 0.1%
rental & real estate	33	0.7%	1.3%	0.6% less	0.6%	0.8%	1.1 F:M	0.5%	up 0.2%
arts & recreation	27	0.6%	0.7%	0.1% less	0.5%	0.7%	1.1 F:M	0.3%	up 0.2%
media & communications	25	0.5%	1.0%	0.5% less	0.5%	0.6%	1.1 F:M	0.9%	dn 0.3%
mining	24	0.5%	0.2%	0.3% more	1.0%	0.0%	M	0.4%	up 0.1%
inadequately described	113	2.5%	1.9%	0.6% more	2.3%	2.7%	1.1 M:F	2.4%	up 0.0%
employed residents	4,557	100.0%	100.0%		100.0%	100.0%	=	100.0%	

40%

#### **Occupations**

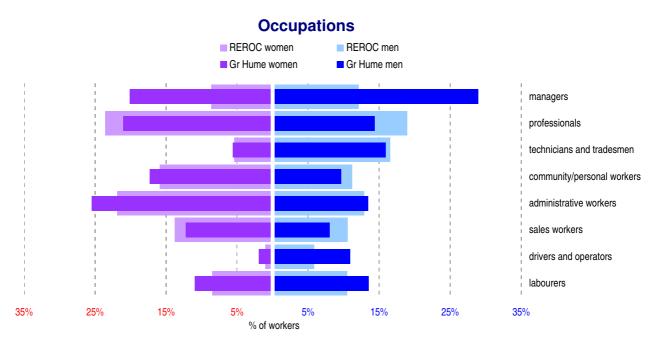
Occupations are a good indicator of socio-economic status, and communities with more people in more highly educated occupations tend to be wealthier. The occupational tree below shows the proportions of men and women in the eight occupational bands in Greater Hume Shire in 2011, with the more educated ones being higher branches. The more top-heavy the tree, the higher is the socio-economic status of the community. The lighter background tree shows REROC's occupations for comparison.

Greater Hume Shire had 37% workers in the top two occupational bands (25% were managers, including farmers and small business operators, and 12% professionals), compared with 31% for Eastern Riverina. The two lowest bands made up 21% of Greater Hume's workers (9% were drivers / machine operators and 12% were labourers). Eastern Riverina had 16% in these occupations.

Relative to Eastern Riverina, Greater Hume Shire had 13% more workers who were managers, but 7% fewer workers who were professionals and 4% fewer who were sales workers.

Many occupations have a significant gender bias. In Greater Hume Shire, there were 5.6 men per woman among drivers and operators and 2.8 men per woman among technicians and tradesmen, but there were 1.9 women per man among administrative workers and 1.8 women per man among community/personal workers.

Occupational growth over 2006 to 2011 was highest among administrative workers with a 1.7% larger proportion of the workforce, and professionals with a 1.6% larger proportion. Conversely, 2.5% fewer worked as managers, and 1.0% fewer as labourers, .



Occupations of	Greater Hume	Shire 2011			workers in	Greater Hum	ne Shire		Gr Hume's
employed residents	number workers	% of workers	% in REROC	Gr Hume's difference	% of males	% of females	ratio of percents	Gr Hume in 2006	change from 2006
managers	1,132	25%	12%	12.7% more	25%	17%	1.4 M:F	27%	dn 2.5%
professionals	560	12%	19%	6.7% less	12%	18%	1.5 F:M	11%	up 1.6%
technicians and tradesmen	621	14%	17%	2.9% less	14%	5%	2.8 M:F	14%	dn 0.4%
community/personal workers	377	8%	11%	2.9% less	8%	15%	1.8 F:M	8%	up 0.6%
administrative workers	526	12%	13%	1.3% less	12%	22%	1.9 F:M	10%	up 1.7%
sales workers	314	7%	11%	3.6% less	7%	10%	1.5 F:M	7%	dn 0.2%
drivers and operators	427	9%	6%	3.5% more	9%	2%	5.6 M:F	9%	up 0.4%
labourers	528	12%	11%	1.1% more	12%	9%	1.2 M:F	13%	dn 1.0%
unclear	74	2%	2%	0.1% more	2%	2%	1.1 F:M	2%	dn 0.2%
total employed residents	4,559	100%	100%	same	100%	100%	1.2 M:F	100%	

The 2011 occupations are coded to the 2011 Australian and New Zealand Standard Classification of Occupations (ANZSCO), which has replaced the 1996 Australian Standard Classification of Occupations (ASCO) used in the 2006 Census. Where reasonable, 2006 occupations have been matched to 2011 classifications, otherwise 'n.a' is shown for 2006.

#### Travel to work

In the 2011 Census, people were asked how they traveled to work on Tuesday 8 August.

In Greater Hume Shire, 74% of the 4,559 employed residents traveled to work that day, with 10% not going to work, and 15% working from home; some did not say.

Some journeys involved multiple 'trips' by different modes (eg a lift and a bus). In all, 3,366 Greater Hume Shire workers took 3,447 trips, an average of 1.02 trips per worker; most people used just one mode of transport to work.

The most common way to get to work nearly everywhere is by driving, and in Greater Hume Shire, 80% of workers who traveled did so by driving in 2011 (80% in Eastern Riverina).

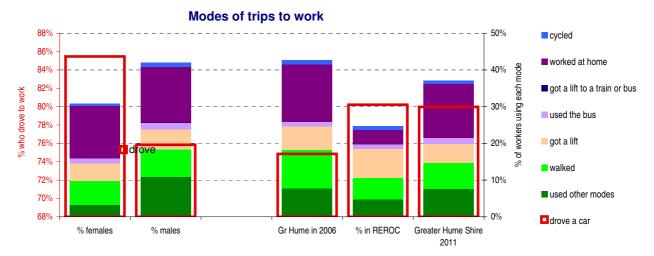
Since 2006, the proportion who drove rose by 5%.

Driving is generally more common amongst men than women; in Greater Hume Shire, there were 1.2 men per woman among drivers.

There was male bias among travellers who used other modes (5.4 men per woman), and those who cycled (2.8 men per woman).

Other than driving, the other main ways people traveled to work in Greater Hume Shire were that 8% of travelers used other modes, 7% walked, 5% got a lift, and 2% used the bus. Less common were those who cycled (1%), or got a lift to a train or bus (<1%).

In Greater Hume Shire, women were most numerous among those who did not work on Census day, with 1.5 women per man.



The 'used other modes' category includes trips by truck (115), motorcycle (37), and other modes, often as one stage of a journey.

Tripo to work	Greater Hume	Shire 2011		Gr Hume's	Greater	Hume Shire	2011	Gr Hume	in 2006
Trips to work	workers	% travellers	% in REROC	difference	% males	% females	gender ratio	% of trips	change
drove a car	2,692	80.0%	80.2%	0.2% less	75.8%	85.5%	1.2 M:F	75%	up 5.1%
used other modes	255	7.6%	4.7%	2.9% more	10.8%	3.3%	5.4 M:F	8%	dn 0.2%
walked	239	7.1%	5.9%	1.2% more	7.5%	6.6%	1.5 M:F	10%	dn 3.3%
got a lift	174	5.2%	7.8%	2.7% less	5.5%	4.7%	1.6 M:F	6%	dn 1.3%
used the bus	54	1.6%	1.3%	0.3% more	1.8%	1.4%	1.7 M:F	1%	up 0.3%
cycled	30	0.9%	1.0%	0.1% less	1.1%	0.6%	2.8 M:F	1%	dn 0.3%
got a lift to a train or bus	3	0.1%	0.0%	0.1% more	0.2%	0.0%	M	0%	up 0.1%
Trips to work	3,447	102%	101%		103%	102%	1.3 M:F	102%	
Employed residents		% wo	rkers		% work	kers		% workers	
travelled to work	3,366	74%	85%	11.0% less	76%	71%	1.3 M:F	74%	up 0.2%
worked at home	671	15%	4%	10.9% more	15%	14%	1.3 M:F	16%	dn 0.9%
did not work on Census day	442	10%	10%	0.2% less	7%	13%	1.5 F:M	9%	up 0.4%
not stated	80	2%	1%	0.3% more	2%	2%	1.1 F:M	1%	up 0.3%
Employed residents	4,559	100%	100%		100%	100%	=	100%	

The top half of the table shows trips, not workers, and multiple-mode trips (eg lift to bus) are counted as several trips, where possible. The 'used other modes' category includes 0 taxi trips, 99 by truck, 28 by motorcycle, 46 by unnamed other modes, and 82 trips by multiple modes.

# **Community Cultures**

#### **Ancestry**

How people describe their ancestry is a significant indicator of their cultural heritage. In the Census, people could give at most two ancestries. Only 7 ancestries were prompted with tick boxes (English, Irish, Italian, German, Chinese, Scottish and Australian); others had to be written in, which will lower responses. People with Australian ancestry are usually a minority.

In Greater Hume Shire in 2011, 43% of residents ticked Australian ancestry. About 95% of residents named two ancestries.

The most common non-Australian ancestries were:

- English, 38% of residents;
- German 12.0%;
- Irish 11.8%;
- Scottish 10.9%;
- Dutch 1.5%.

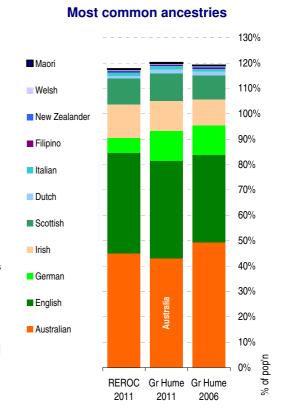
Compared with Eastern Riverina, Greater Hume Shire had more people with German, Scottish and Dutch ancestries.

Having both parents born overseas is an indicator that ancestral culture may be strong. Here, residents with Indian ancestry were most likely to have both parents born overseas, with 100% in this situation.

• Other ancestries where high proportions had both parents born overseas were Filipino (62%), Hungarian (60%), Chinese (56%), and Spanish (54%).

Since 2006, ancestries that became more common in Greater Hume Shire were English, with 3.9% more of the population than in 2006, and Irish (1.7% more); Scottish had 1.3% more.

• Note that the number writing in Indigenous ancestry is often low, because there is a specific Indigenous Census question.



	Greater Hume	Shire 2011			Parents of	Gr Hume res	sidents		Gr Hume's
Ancestry				Gr Hume's	both born	one born	both born	Gr Hume in	change from
	residents	percent	% in REROC	difference	overseas	overseas	Australia	2006	2006
Australian	4,221	43.0%	44.9%	2% less	0%	9%	89%	49.4%	dn 6.4%
Australian Aboriginal	17	0.2%	0.4%	0% less	0%	0%	82%	0.2%	dn 0.0%
English	3,759	38.3%	39.7%	1% less	8%	10%	81%	34.4%	up 3.9%
German	1,176	12.0%	5.9%	6% more	7%	5%	87%	11.7%	up 0.3%
Irish	1,155	11.8%	13.3%	2% less	3%	9%	86%	10.1%	up 1.7%
Scottish	1,071	10.9%	10.1%	1% more	7%	7%	84%	9.6%	up 1.3%
Dutch	148	1.5%	1.1%	0% more	46%	24%	28%	1.5%	dn 0.0%
Italian	126	1.3%	1.4%	0% less	14%	16%	67%	1.1%	up 0.2%
Filipino	37	0.4%	0.3%	0% more	<b>62</b> %	38%	0%	0.2%	up 0.2%
New Zealander	35	0.4%	0.5%	0% less	51%	40%	9%	0.4%	dn 0.0%
Welsh	32	0.3%	0.4%	0% less	22%	31%	38%	0.6%	dn 0.2%
Maori	32	0.3%	0.2%	0% more	66%	34%	0%	0.2%	up 0.1%
Polish	27	0.3%	0.3%	0% less	37%	11%	52%	0.3%	dn 0.0%
Spanish	24	0.2%	0.1%	0% more	54%	0%	46%	0.1%	n.a.
Russian	23	0.2%	0.1%	0% more	39%	0%	61%	0.1%	up 0.2%
Hungarian	20	0.2%	0.1%	0% more	60%	0%	40%	0.1%	up 0.1%
Croatian	19	0.2%	0.1%	0% less	53%	16%	32%	0.0%	up 0.1%
Chinese	18	0.2%	0.7%	1% less	56%	0%	44%	0.3%	dn 0.1%
Maltese	13	0.1%	0.2%	0% less	23%	23%	54%	0.2%	dn 0.0%
unlisted	281	2.9%	4.6%	2% less		n.a.		2.7%	up 0.2%
not stated	674	6.9%	6.6%	0% more	1%	1%	38%	5.6%	up 1.3%
Total responses	12,908	131.6%	131.1%	0% more	7%	9%	80%	128.8%	up 2.8%
residents	9,810	100%	100%		7%	7%	80%	100%	

#### Indigenous residents

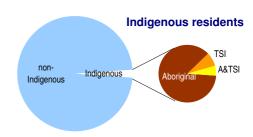
The Census asked whether people had Indigenous origins. In 2011, the number who responded yes increased nationally by 25%, as more baby-boomers and Gen X people said they and their children had Indigenous origins.

In 2011, Greater Hume Shire had 201 Indigenous residents, with 174 having Aboriginal origins; 16 having Torres Strait Islander (TSI) origins; 11 having both Aboriginal and TSI origins.

Indigenous people constituted 2.1% of the residents, compared with 3.8% of Eastern Riverina.

The average age of Indigenous residents was about 25 years; it was 40 years for non-Indigenous residents.

Indigenous residents had a median age of 15–19; for non-Indigenous residents it was 40–44.

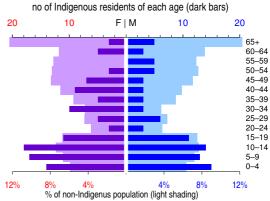


The age structure of the Indigenous population is very different from the non-indigenous community, due to higher mortality rates at most ages and higher birth rates. Young people form a larger share of the Indigenous population, and people over 65 are much less common than among non-Indigenous people.

- 16% of Indigenous residents were aged 10–14 years versus 8% of non-indigenous residents;
- 14% Indigenous were 0-4 years old, vs 6%;
- 15% Indigenous were 5-9 years old, vs 7%;
- However, people were aged 65+ were 4% of Indigenous people but 18% of non-Indigenous.

In 2006, Greater Hume Shire had an Indigenous population of 159, so numbers had risen by 42 or 26% over five years to 2011. The overall population was steady.

- The numbers aged 5–9 and 30–34 years increased most.
- The numbers aged 20–24 and 45–49 fell most.



Indigenous people	Greater Hum			Gr Hume's		r Hume Shire		Gr Hume in	change
9	number	% residents	% in REROC	difference	males	females	ratio	2006	2006–2011
Aboriginal	174	1.8%	3.6%	1.9% less	79	95	1.20 F:M	147	up 18%
Torres Strait Islander (TSI)	16	0.2%	0.1%	0.1% more	8	8	=	12	up 33%
Aboriginal and TSI	11	0.1%	0.1%	0.1% more	4	7	1.75 F:M	-	-
Indigenous	201	2.1%	3.8%	1.7% less	91	110	1.21 F:M	159	up 26%
non-Indigenous	9,163	93.3%	92.5%	0.8% more	4,621	4,542	1.02 M:F	9,210	dn 1%
not stated	451	4.6%	3.7%		246	205	1.20 M:F	362	up 25%
residents	9,816	100%	100%		4,959	4,857	1.02 M:F	9,731	up 1%
Ages of Indigenous		Greater Hum	e Shire 2011		Gr Hume Ind	igenous resi	dents, 2011	Gr Hume in	change
residents	Indigenous	% of Indig.	% non-Indig	Indig. diff.	males	females	ratio	2006	2006-2011
0–4	29	14%	6%	8% more	15	14	1.1 M:F	23	up 6
5_0	30	15%	7%	8% more	13	17	1 3 E·M	16	un 1/1

residents	Indigenous	% of Indig.	% non-Indig	Indig. diff.	males	females	ratio	2006	2006-2011
0–4	29	14%	6%	8% more	15	14	1.1 M:F	23	up 6
5–9	30	15%	7%	8% more	13	17	1.3 F:M	16	up 14
10–14	32	16%	8%	8% more	14	18	1.3 F:M	26	up 6
15–19	22	11%	7%	4% more	11	11	=	16	up 6
20–24	6	3%	4%	1% less	3	3	=	11	dn 5
25–29	11	5%	4%	1% more	6	5	1.2 M:F	5	up 6
30–34	13	6%	4%	2% more	3	10	3.3 F:M	3	up 10
35–39	8	4%	5%	1% less	3	5	1.7 F:M	11	dn 3
40–44	12	6%	6%	0% less	3	9	3.0 F:M	15	dn 3
45–49	10	5%	7%	3% less	3	7	2.3 F:M	15	dn 5
50–54	8	4%	8%	4% less	5	3	1.7 M:F	6	up 2
55–59	5	2%	8%	5% less	5	0	M	0	up 5
60–64	8	4%	8%	4% less	3	5	1.7 F:M	7	up 1
65+	8	4%	18%	14% less	5	3	1.7 M:F	6	up 2
residents	202	100%	100%		92	110	1.2 F:M	160	up 42
average age		24.7 yrs	40.3 yrs	-15.5 yrs	25.1 yrs	24.5 yrs		26.3 yrs	dn 1.5 yrs

#### **Birthplaces**

The variety of birthplaces is an indication of cultural diversity, though many places have just a few from many countries.

89% of Greater Hume Shire residents were born in Australia and 6% were born overseas, coming from at least 23 countries (6% did not give their birthplace).

The main overseas birthplaces, and the number and proportion of residents born there, were:

- the UK 214 or 2.2%;
- New Zealand 105 or 1.1%;
- Germany 48 or 0.5%;
- the Netherlands 44 or 0.4%;
- the Philippines 16 or 0.2%.

Between 2006 and 2011, the biggest increases in Greater Hume Shire were among those born in:

- New Zealand, with 0.2% more of the population;
- Thailand, with similar;
- · Croatia, with similar.

Birthplaces with a falling share of the population included:

- Australia (1.1% less);
- the USA (0.1% less).

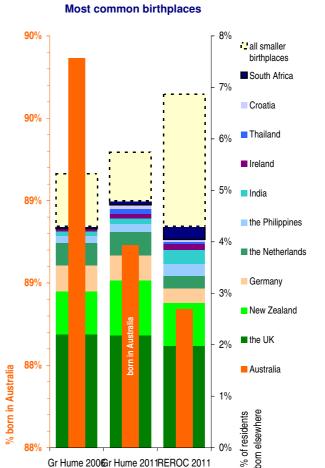
There were 1.02 men per woman among Australianborn residents here, and 1.04 women per man among overseas-born residents.

- those born in the Netherlands had 2.1 men per woman
- those born in New Zealand had 1.1 men per woman
- those born in the UK had 1.1 women per man
- those born in the Philippines had 4.3 women per man.

The proportion of Greater Hume Shire residents born in Australia was quite similar to Eastern Riverina.

The most common overseas birthplace compared to Eastern Riverina was the UK with 0.2% more of the population.

- 0.2% more were born in New Zealand
- 0.2% more were born in Germany



Main birthplaces of	Greater Hume S	hire 2011		Gr Hume's	Greater	Hume Shire	2011	Gr Hume in	change from
residents	people	percent 9	% in REROC	difference	males	females	ratio	2006	2006
Australia	8,709	88.7%	88.3%	0% more	4,402	4,307	1.0 M:F	89.9%	dn 1.1%
the UK	214	2.2%	2.0%	0.2% more	101	113	1.1 F:M	2.2%	same
New Zealand	105	1.1%	0.8%	0.2% more	55	50	1.1 M:F	0.8%	up 0.2%
Germany	48	0.5%	0.3%	0.2% more	24	24	=	0.5%	same
the Netherlands	44	0.4%	0.2%	0.2% more	30	14	2.1 M:F	0.4%	same
the Philippines	16	0.2%	0.2%	0.1% less	3	13	4.3 F:M	0.1%	same
India	10	0.1%	0.3%	0.2% less	7	3	2.3 M:F	0.1%	same
Ireland	9	0.1%	0.1%	same	3	6	2.0 F:M	0.1%	same
Thailand	9	0.1%	0.0%	same	4	5	1.3 F:M	0.0%	up 0.1%
Croatia	8	0.1%	0.0%	same	3	5	1.7 F:M	0.0%	up 0.1%
South Africa	8	0.1%	0.3%	0.2% less	3	5	1.7 F:M	0.1%	same
Fiji	6	0.1%	0.1%	same	6	0	M	0.0%	same
Canada	6	0.1%	0.1%	same	3	3	=	0.1%	same
Poland	6	0.1%	0.0%	same	3	3	=	0.1%	same
Vietnam	4	0.0%	0.1%	same	0	4	F	0.0%	same
Bosnia and Herzegovina	4	0.0%	0.0%	same	4	0	M	0.0%	same
the USA	3	0.0%	0.1%	0.1% less	0	3	F	0.2%	dn 0.1%
Italy	3	0.0%	0.1%	0.1% less	3	0	M	0.1%	same
a non-listed place	45	0.5%	1.2%	0.7% less	18	27	1.5 F:M	0.3%	up 0.1%
all smaller birthplaces	92	0.9%	2.6%	1.6% less	43	49		1.0%	dn 0.1%
not stated	543	5.5%	4.8%	0.7% more	281	262	1.1 M:F	4.8%	up 0.8%
overseas born	563	5.7%	6.9%	23 places	276	287	1.04 F:M	5.3%	up 0.4%

Not all birthplaces can be shown in this table due to space constrictions, smaller birthplaces are in an appendix. 'All smaller birthplaces' are those not shown in the table.

#### Languages

The languages spoken at home gives a good indication of the cultural diversity and language resources in a community.

In Greater Hume Shire, 94% of residents spoke English at home in Greater Hume Shire in 2011, which was 2% fewer than in 2006, and 1% more than in Eastern Riverina.

About 2% of residents spoke another language at home (1% fewer than in Eastern Riverina), speaking at least 14 different languages. 4% did not say what they spoke.

The main non-English languages spoken here, and the number and proportion of residents speaking them, were:

- Greek 25 speakers, or 0.3% of residents;
- French 15 speakers or 0.2%;
- Arabic 12 speakers or 0.1%;
- Spanish 11 speakers or 0.1%;
- SE Asian languages 9 speakers or 0.1%.

Between 2006 and 2011, the number of people speaking a foreign language at home increased by 58.

- Greek was spoken by 0.3% more of the population;
- French was spoken by 0.2% more;
- Arabic was spoken by 0.1% more

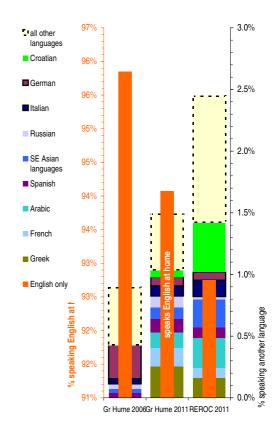
Compared with Eastern Riverina, the languages spoken proportionally more in Greater Hume Shire were:

Greek, spoken by 0.1% more.

Among foreign language speakers in Greater Hume Shire, there were 1.24 females per male; among English speakers there were 1.02 males per female.

- Greek speakers had 2.1 females per male;
- SE Asian languages speakers had 2.0 females per male;
- German speakers had only females:
- French speakers had 1.1 females per male.

#### **Most common languages**



Main languages spoken	Greater Hume S	Shire 2011		Gr Hume's	Greater	· Hume Shire	2011	Gr Hume in	change
at home	people	percent	% in REROC	difference	males	females	ratio	2006	2006–2011
English only	9,233	94.1%	92.8%	1% more	4,668	4,565	1.0 M:F	95.8%	dn 1.8%
another language	170	1.7%	3.1%	1% less	76	94	1.2 F:M	1.2%	up 0.6%
not stated	412	4.2%	4.2%	0% more	214	198	1.1 M:F	3.0%	up 1.2%
residents	9,815	100%	100%	13 langs.	4,958	4,857	1.0 M:F	100%	
Greek	25	0.3%	0.2%	0.1% more	8	17	2.1 F:M	0.0%	up 0.3%
French	15	0.2%	0.1%	0.1% more	7	8	1.1 F:M	0.0%	up 0.2%
Arabic	12	0.1%	0.2%	0.1% less	6	6	=	0.0%	up 0.1%
Spanish	11	0.1%	0.1%	0.0% more	4	7	1.8 F:M	0.0%	up 0.1%
SE Asian languages	9	0.1%	0.2%	0.1% less	3	6	2.0 F:M	0.0%	up 0.1%
Russian	9	0.1%	0.0%	0.1% more	3	6	2.0 F:M	0.0%	up 0.1%
Italian	8	0.1%	0.1%	0.1% less	3	5	1.7 F:M	0.0%	up 0.0%
German	7	0.1%	0.1%	0.0% more	0	7	F	0.3%	dn 0.2%
Croatian	6	0.1%	0.4%	0.3% less	3	3	=	0.0%	up 0.1%
Indo-Aryan languages	6	0.1%	0.3%	0.3% less	3	3	=	0.0%	up 0.1%
Thai	6	0.1%	0.0%	0.0% more	3	3	=	-	-
Dutch	6	0.1%	0.0%	0.0% more	3	3	=	0.2%	dn 0.1%
Macedonian	3	0.0%	0.0%	0.0% more	3	0	M	0.0%	up 0.0%
all other languages	44	0.4%	1.0%	0.6% less	24	20	1.2 M:F	0.5%	dn 0.0%
Total	167	1.7%	3.1%	1.4% less	73	94	1.3 F:M	1.1%	up 0.6%

Not all languages can be shown in this table due to space constrictions, smaller languages are in an appendix. 'All other languages' are those not shown in the table.

#### **Beliefs**

In Greater Hume Shire 77% of residents were Christian in 2011, and 1% had another type of religious belief. However, 14% had no religious belief; and 8% did not state their religion.

The main non-Christian beliefs in Greater Hume Shire in 2011 were:

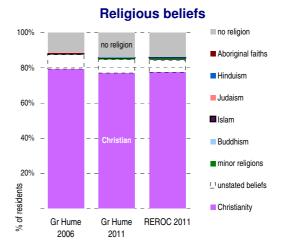
- Buddhism 21 adherents, or 0.2% of the residents;
- Islam 13 adherents, or 0.1%.

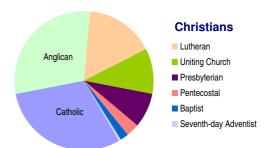
The fastest growing belief system over 2006 to 2011 was no religion with 267 more adherents, followed by minor religions with 21 more.

There were falls in the number who believed in Christianity (down by 156).

Among Christians in Greater Hume Shire, there were 1.0 women per man, while there were 1.2 men per woman among those who did not have a religion.

- Women were most common among Islam followers (2.3 women per man) and Buddhism followers (1.3 women per man).
- Men were most common among followers of minor religions (1.6 men per woman) and unstated beliefs (1.2 men per woman).





Religious beliefs	Greater Hume Shire 2011			Gr Hume's	Greater Hume Shire 2011			2006 % Gr	change from
	people	percent	% in REROC	difference	males	females	ratio	Hume	2006
Christianity	7,566	77.1%	77.5%	0.4% less	3,727	3,839	1.0 F:M	7,722	dn 156
no religion	1,380	14.1%	13.8%	0.3% more	766	614	1.2 M:F	1,113	up 267
Buddhism	21	0.2%	0.4%	0.2% less	9	12	1.3 F:M	26	dn 5
Islam	13	0.1%	0.3%	0.2% less	4	9	2.3 F:M	9	up 4
Judaism	4	0.0%	0.0%	0.0% more	0	4	F	3	up 1
Hinduism	4	0.0%	0.2%	0.2% less	0	4	F	5	dn 1
Aboriginal faiths	0	0.0%	0.0%	0.0% less	0	0	=	-	same
minor religions	74	0.8%	0.8%	0.1% less	46	28	1.6 M:F	53	up 21
unstated beliefs	754	7.7%	6.9%	0.8% more	407	347	1.2 M:F	800	dn 46
total residents	9,816	100%	100%		4,959	4,857	1.0 M:F	9,731	up 85
Christians							=		
Catholic	2,192	22.3%	31.1%	8.8% less	1,084	1,108	1.0 F:M	2,226	dn 34
Anglican	2,146	21.9%	26.3%	4.4% less	1,024	1,122	1.1 F:M	2,203	dn 57
Lutheran	1,158	11.8%	2.4%	9.4% more	603	555	1.1 M:F	1,203	dn 45
Uniting Church	778	7.9%	6.2%	1.8% more	387	391	1.0 F:M	874	dn 96
Presbyterian	587	6.0%	6.0%	0.0% more	295	292	1.0 M:F	616	dn 29
Pentecostal	226	2.3%	0.8%	1.5% more	120	106	1.1 M:F	196	up 30
Baptist	132	1.3%	1.2%	0.1% more	65	67	1.0 F:M	111	up 21
Seventh-day Adventist	40	0.4%	0.3%	0.1% more	20	20	=	40	same
Salvation Army	25	0.3%	0.3%	0.0% less	12	13	1.1 F:M	18	up 7
Eastern Orthodox	14	0.1%	0.2%	0.1% less	9	5	1.8 M:F	15	dn 1
Latter Day Saints	13	0.1%	0.1%	0.0% more	6	7	1.2 F:M	7	up 6
Jehovah's Witnesses	12	0.1%	0.2%	0.1% less	3	9	3.0 F:M	4	up 8
other Protestant	10	0.1%	0.2%	0.1% less	4	6	1.5 F:M	6	up 4
Oriental Orthodox	3	0.0%	0.1%	0.1% less	3	0	M	-	up 3
Churches of Christ	0	0.0%	0.1%	0.1% less	0	0	=	18	dn 18
Brethren	0	0.0%	0.2%	0.2% less	0	0	=	-	same
Assyrian Apostolic	0	0.0%	0.0%	same	0	0	=	-	same
other Christian	230	2.3%	1.8%	0.6% more	92	138	1.5 F:M	94	up 136
total Christians	7,566	77.1%	77.5%	0.4% less	3,727	3,839	1.0 F:M	7,722	dn 156